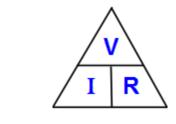
DON'T WRITE ON THIS PAPER

Practice – Ohm's Law:

Voltage = Current x Resistance

Directions: For each problem show all work on a separate sheet of paper. This means write the givens, formula, plug in, answer, units, and circle your answer. Answers are in bold so you can check your work. Assume 120 volts for anything plugged into a wall.



V = I R

1) What voltage is required to make 0.25 A flow against 8 Ω of resistance? 2 v

2) What current flows in a circuit with a potential difference of 12v and a resistance of 25 Ω ? **0.48** A

3) What is the resistance of a circuit with a voltage of 45v and a current of 5 A? 9 Ω

- 4) A 40v circuit has a resistance of 80 Ω. How much current flows through it?
 0.5 A
- 5) A current of 4 A flows through a circuit with a resistance of 8 Ω . What's the potential difference across the circuit? **32 v**
- 6) A walkman uses a standard 1.5v battery. How much resistance is in the circuit if it uses 0.01 A of current? 150 Ω
- 7) What current goes through a hair dryer <u>*plugged in at home</u>* if it has a resistance of 25 Ω ? **4.8** A</u>
- 8) How much current does a 12 v car battery push through a circuit with a resistance of 10 Ω ? **1.2** A
- 9) A home stereo uses 120 volts to push 5.5 A to run properly. What is the resistance of the stereo? **21.8** Ω
- 10) What is the resistance of a light bulb <u>*plugged in at home*</u> that draws 0.5 A of current? 240 Ω