Name:
 Date:
 Hour:
 1
 2
 3
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 6

## Double Entry Journal

Question	Answer
Section 33 1	
1. How are the magnitude and direction of an electric field determined?	
Section 33.2	
2. How can you represent an electric field?	
Section 33.3	
3. How can you describe the electric field within a conductor holding static charge?	
Section 33.4 4. How can you increase the electrical potential energy of a charged particle?	
Section 33.5 5. What is the difference between electric potential and electrical potential energy?	

Name:	Date:		Hour:	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Complete the following using the word bank	k below:									
1) A is the area around an object that is affected by forces from that object.										
<ol><li>Charges always stay on the of an object and distribute themselves</li></ol>										
<ul> <li>3) Electric potential is electric potential energy</li> <li>4) Lines further apart mean</li></ul>	ergy per fielc	ls.								
<ul> <li>5) Electric field lines are drawn away from charges.</li> <li>c) Deing work to move a charge will give it.</li> </ul>										
<ul><li>b) Doing work to move a charge will give it</li><li>7) We represent force fields with</li></ul>					ener	gy				
<ul> <li>8) Closer lines mean</li> </ul>	fields				•					
<ul> <li>9) Electric field lines are drawn towards</li> </ul>			charges.							
10)The charge inside an object is always										
11)The SI unit for electric potential is the										
12)Energy a charge has because of its loca	ation is						_ ene	ergy.		
	<u>Word</u>	<u>Bank</u>								
Electric		Surface								
Like		Positive								
Lines		Evenly								
Zero		Charge								
Stronger		Field								
Electric potential, electric potential		Weaker								
Volt										
Negative										