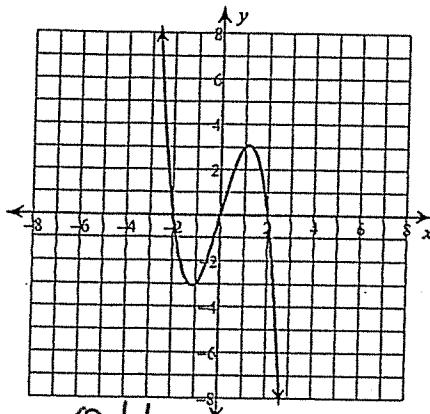


## Odd & Even Functions

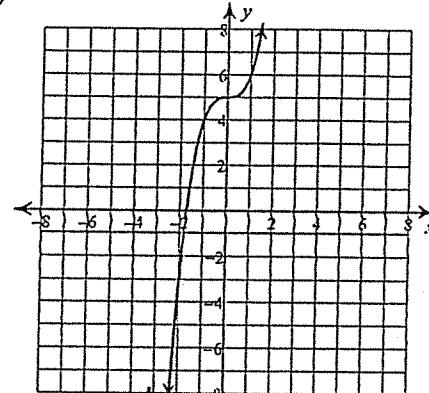
Determine if the function is odd, even or neither from the graph.

1)



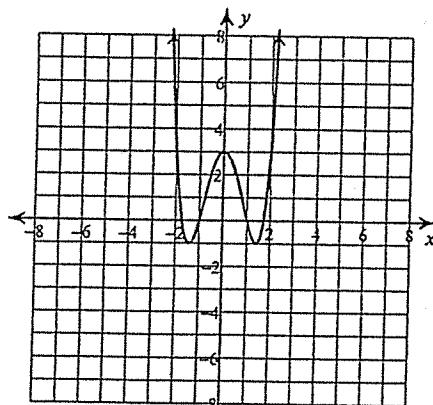
Odd

2)



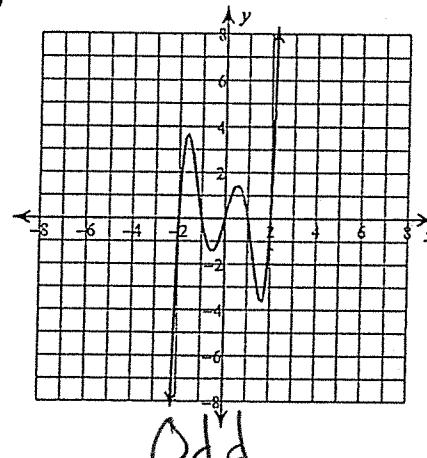
Neither

3)



Even

4)



Odd

Determine if the function is odd, even or neither algebraically.

5)  $f(x) = 3x^4 - 2x^2 + 5$

Even

6)  $f(x) = -5x^4 - 4x^3 + 3x^2 - 1$

Neither

7)  $f(x) = -6x^5 + 3x^3 + 7x$

Odd

8)  $f(x) = (x - 3)(x + 2)$

Neither

9)  $f(x) = x(x + 1)(x - 1)$

Odd

10)  $f(x) = -x^2(x - 5)(x + 5)$

Even

## Assignment

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_

State if the given angles are coterminal.

1)  $\frac{2\pi}{9}, -\frac{20\pi}{9}$  No

2)  $\frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{35\pi}{12}$  Yes

3)  $\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}$  Yes

4)  $\frac{10\pi}{9}, \frac{46\pi}{9}$  Yes

5)  $\frac{25\pi}{36}, \frac{97\pi}{36}$  Yes

Find a coterminal angle between 0 and  $2\pi$  for each given angle.

6)  $\frac{151\pi}{36}$   $\frac{7\pi}{36}$

7)  $-\frac{41\pi}{36}$   $\frac{31\pi}{36}$

8)  $-\frac{\pi}{12}$   $\frac{23\pi}{12}$

9)  $-\frac{16\pi}{45}$   $\frac{74\pi}{45}$

10)  $-\frac{37\pi}{36}$   $\frac{35\pi}{36}$

11)  $-\frac{5\pi}{6}$   $\frac{7\pi}{6}$

12)  $-\frac{3\pi}{4}$   $\frac{5\pi}{4}$

13)  $-\frac{19\pi}{12}$   $\frac{5\pi}{12}$

Convert each degree measure into radians and each radian measure into degrees.

14)  $-\frac{11\pi}{3}$   $-660^\circ$

15)  $\frac{8\pi}{3}$   $480^\circ$

16)  $-\frac{2\pi}{3}$   $-120^\circ$

17)  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$   $240^\circ$

18)  $150^\circ$   $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

19)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$   $60^\circ$

20)  $-480^\circ$   $-\frac{8\pi}{3}$

21)  $\frac{13\pi}{6}$   $390^\circ$

## Function Inverses

State if the given functions are inverses.

$$1) \begin{aligned} g(x) &= -4x \\ f(x) &= -6x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

No

$$2) \begin{aligned} h(n) &= \frac{2}{9}n + \frac{10}{9} \\ f(n) &= -5 + \frac{9}{2}n \end{aligned}$$

Yes

$$3) \begin{aligned} g(n) &= \frac{4}{-n+2} \\ f(n) &= -\frac{4}{n} + 2 \end{aligned}$$

Yes

$$4) \begin{aligned} g(x) &= \frac{10}{7}x - \frac{15}{7} \\ f(x) &= -4 - \frac{4}{5}x \end{aligned}$$

No

Find the inverse of each function.

$$5) h(x) = \frac{3}{-x-2}$$

~~$$h^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{x} - 2$$~~

$$7) f(x) = -\frac{3}{-x-3} - 2$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{3}{x+2} - 3$$

$$6) f(x) = \frac{2}{7}x - \frac{10}{7}$$

~~$$f^{-1}(x) = 5 + \frac{7}{2}x$$~~

$$8) h(x) = -2x + 5$$

$$h^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$9) f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x - \frac{5}{3}$$

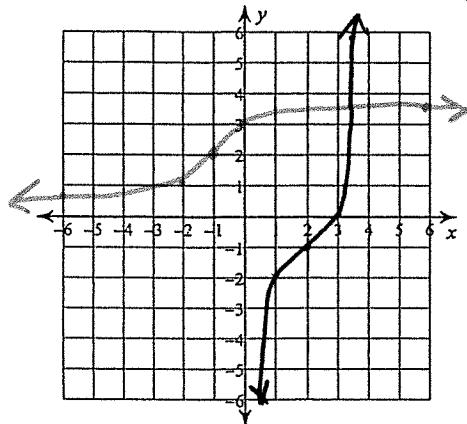
$$10) f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - 1$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 1 + \frac{3}{5}x$$

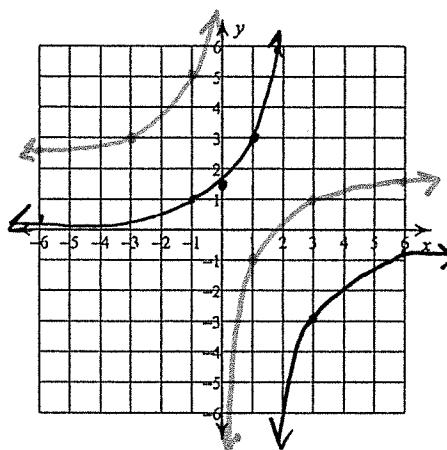
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$$

Find the inverse of each function. Then graph the function and its inverse.

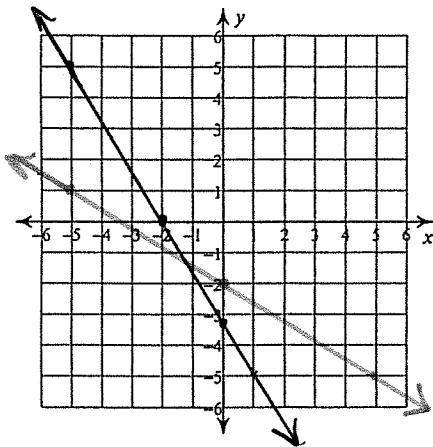
11)  $f(x) = \sqrt[5]{x+1} + 2$        $f^{-1}(x) = (x-2)^5 - 1$



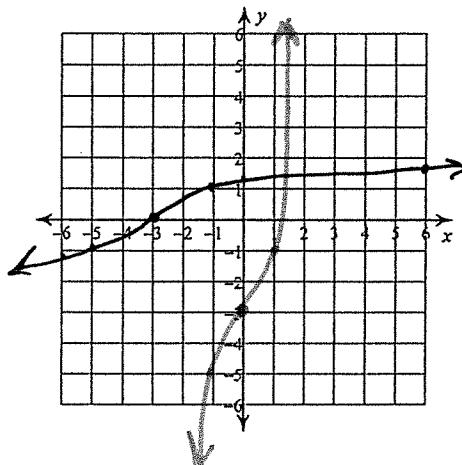
12)  $f(x) = -\frac{3}{x} + 2$        $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{x-2}$



13)  $g(x) = \frac{-3x-10}{5}$        $g^{-1}(x) = -\frac{5x-10}{3}$



14)  $g(n) = 2n^3 - 3$        $g^{-1}(n) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{n+3}{2}}$



#### Critical thinking questions:

- 15) Give an example of a function that doesn't have an inverse.

$$f(x) = x^2$$

- 16) Find the inverse of  $f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x}$

$$f^{-1}(x) = x^4 \text{ for } x \geq 0$$