SIMPLIFYING FRACTIONS

*Simplify means to write in lowest terms (make fraction as small as you possibly can).
**Example: 5 (to simplify follow these steps):

15

(1) Find the factors of 5 and 15.

5→(1, 5)
15→(1, 3, 5, 15)

This means the greatest common factor (GCF or highest

number they share in common is 5).

(2) Now divide both the numerator (top #) and the denominator (bottom #) by the GCF.

$$\frac{5 \div 5}{15 5 3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

* Your fraction is now simplified if there are no more numbers in common other than the #1.

EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS

* Equivalent is another word for Equal so equivalent fractions are fractions that equal the same amount.

(Just like 4+6 and 5+5 are equal fractions can be also) **Example: Find equivalent fractions for <u>12</u>:

36

(1) If a fraction is not in simplest terms you can create equivalent fractions by simplifying (divide) the fraction: $12 \div 12 = 1$ or $12 \div 6 = 2$ or $12 \div 3 = 4$

 $\frac{12 \div 12 = 1}{36} \text{ or } \frac{12 \div 6}{36} \stackrel{?}{=} \stackrel{?}{_2} \text{ or } \frac{12 \div 3}{36} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{4}{36}$ (2) If a fraction is already simplified you can multiply your fraction to create equivalent fractions:

 $\frac{12}{36} \times \frac{2}{2} = \frac{24}{72} \text{ or } \frac{12}{36} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{36}{108}$

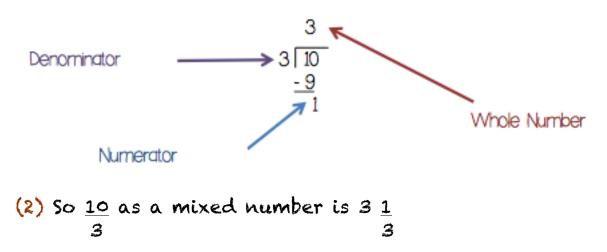
**Keep in mind (the most important rule when it comes to fractions is): WHATEVER YOU DO TO THE TOP NUMBER (NUMERATOR), YOU MUST DO TO THE BOTTOM NUMBER (DENOMINATOR) AND VICE VERSA.

CHANGING IMPROPER FRACTIONS TO MIXED NUMBERS

* An improper fraction is a fraction where the numerator (top #) is larger than the denominator (bottom #). Improper fractions must be simplified to a mixed number. **Example: <u>10</u>

(1) Start by dividing the denominator into the numerator (Divide 10 by 3)

3



CHANGING MIXED NUMBERS TO IMPROPER FRACTIONS

* It is important to know how to change a mixed number to an improper fraction for certain math skills. **Example: $4\frac{2}{2}$ to an improper fraction 3 (1) First, to get the new numerator you must multiply the whole number by the denominator: $4 \times 3 = 12$ (2) Second, Add numerator to the product of your problem: 12 + 2 = 14(3) Finally, place the new numerator on top pf the denominator. (It is important to remember that the denominator always stays the same) (4) So $4\frac{2}{2}$ as an improper fraction is $\frac{14}{3}$