## Classical Plot Structure

The <u>exposition</u> introduces the main characters, setting, and or problem of the story.

The <u>initial incident</u> occurs when the conflict begins. Two opposing forces become engaged in a struggle.

The <u>rising action</u> is the series of related events in which the conflict continues.

The <u>climax</u> is the turning point in the story. The main character's fate changes, for better or worse.

The <u>falling action</u> is the tying up of loose ends in a story. Subplots are completed. Main characters are in happy or sad situations. In short stories, the falling action might be a sentence or two, or possibly non-existent.

The <u>resolution</u> is the conclusion or ending of the story. Usually, the author makes some point here.