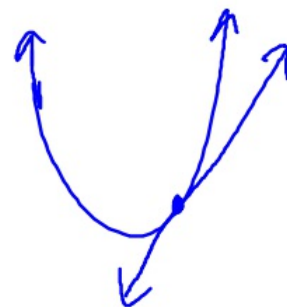
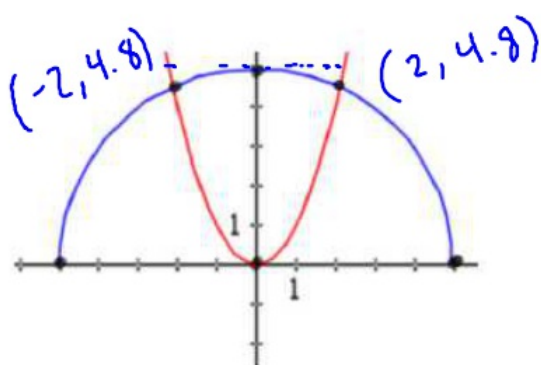
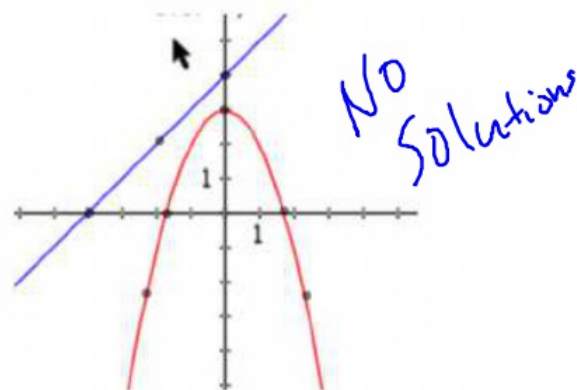
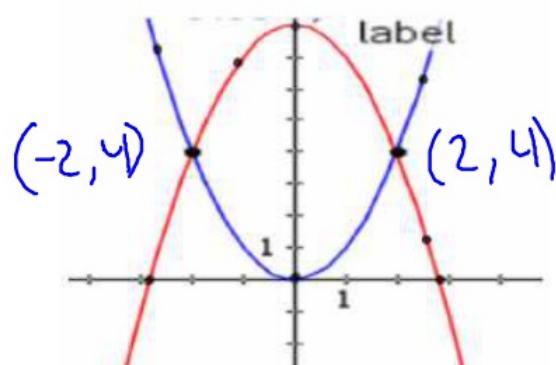


Solving Systems of Quadratic and Linear Equations

Name:

Notes and Assignment



## Use Substitution

Solve each system of equations algebraically.

1)  $y = -x^2 + 1$   
 $y = -2x + 2$

$$\begin{array}{r} -x^2 + 1 = -2x + 2 \\ +x^2 \quad +x^2 \\ \hline 1 = x^2 - 2x + 2 \\ -1 \quad -1 \\ \hline 0 = x^2 - 2x + 1 \end{array}$$

$$0 = x^2 - 2x + 1$$

$$0 = (x-1)(x-1)$$

$$0 = x - 1$$

$$1 = x$$

$$y = -2(1) + 2$$

$$y = -2 + 2$$

$$y = 0$$

$$(1, 0)$$

2)  $x^2 + y = 5$

$$-y = x - 3$$

$$y = -x + 3$$

$$x^2 + (-x + 3) = 5$$

$$x^2 - x + 3 = 5$$

$$-5 \quad -5$$

$$x^2 - x - 2 = 0$$

$$(x-2)(x+1) = 0$$

$$x-2 = 0$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = -2 + 3$$

$$y = 1$$

$$(2, 1)$$

$$x+1 = 0$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = -(-1) + 3$$

$$y = 4$$

$$(-1, 4)$$

3)  $y = 27 - x^2$

$$y = 2x^2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27 - x^2 = 2x^2 \\ -2x^2 \quad -2x^2 \\ \hline 27 - 3x^2 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$27 - 3x^2 = 0$$

$$-3x^2 + 27 = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x^2 + 27 = 0 \\ -27 \quad -27 \\ \hline -3x^2 = -27 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{9}$$

$$x = \pm 3$$

$$y = 2(3)^2$$

$$y = 2(9)$$

$$y = 18$$

$$(3, 18)$$

$$y = 2(-3)^2$$

$$y = 2(9)$$

$$y = 18$$

$$(-3, 18)$$

4)

$$y = x^2 + 4x - 2$$

$$y = 6x - 3$$

6)

$$y = -x^2 + 9$$

$$y = x^2 + 1$$

7)

$$y = x^2$$

$$3x = y + 2$$

8)

$$x^2 - y = 3$$

$$2x - y = 3$$

9) Find the solution for the given system

