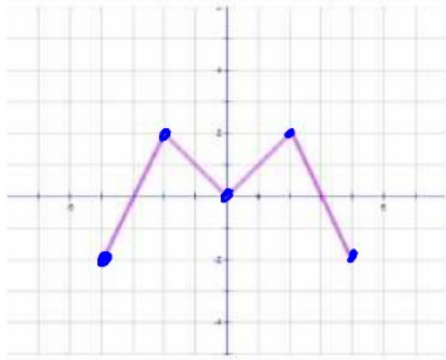


Transforming Arbitrary Functions

Use the following arbitrary function to transform each function as indicated.

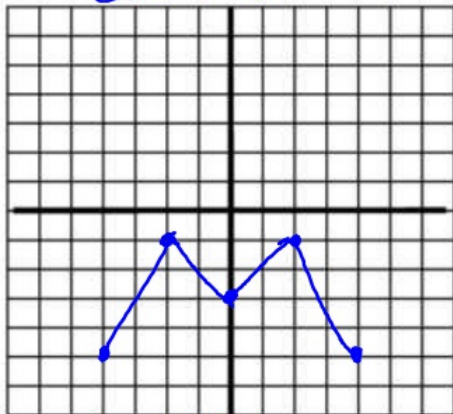


x	y
-4	-2
-2	2
0	0
2	2
4	-2

State the transformation of each function. Then sketch a graph of the transformed function. Make a table!

1) $g(x) = f(x) - 3$

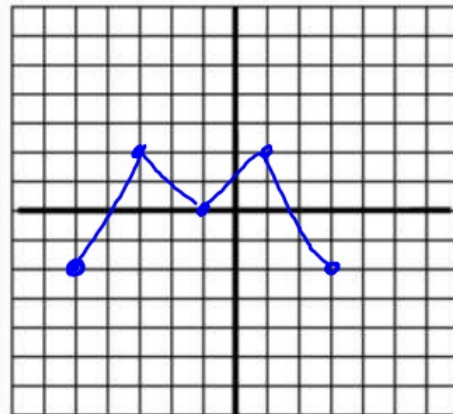
down 3 $\rightarrow y$



x	y-3
-4	-2-3=-5
-2	2-3=-1
0	0-3=-3
2	2-3=-1
4	-2-3=-5

2) $h(x) = f(x + 1)$

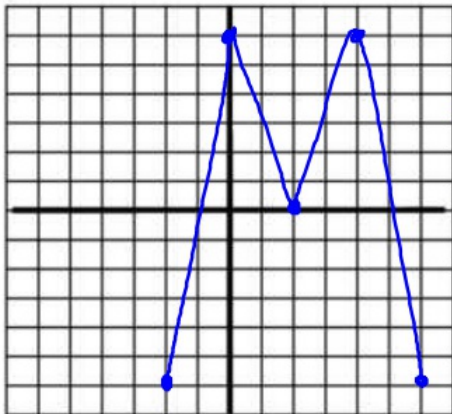
left 1 $\rightarrow x$



x-1	y
-4-1=-5	-2
-2-1=-3	2
0-1=-1	0
2-1=1	2
4-1=3	-2

$$3) j(x) = 3f(x-2)$$

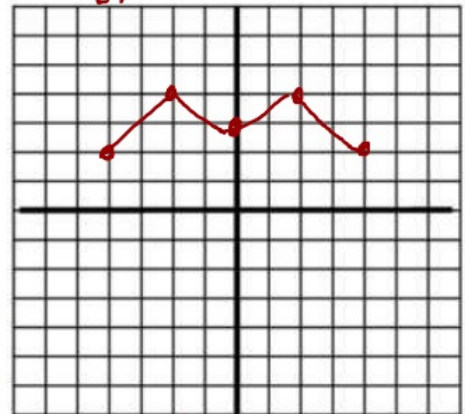
Right 2 $\rightarrow$ X
Stretch 3 $\rightarrow$ 3



X+2	3y
-4+2=-2	3(-2)=-6
-2+2=0	3(0)=0
0+2=2	3(2)=6
2+2=4	3(4)=12
4+2=6	3(6)=18

$$4) k(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x) + 3$$

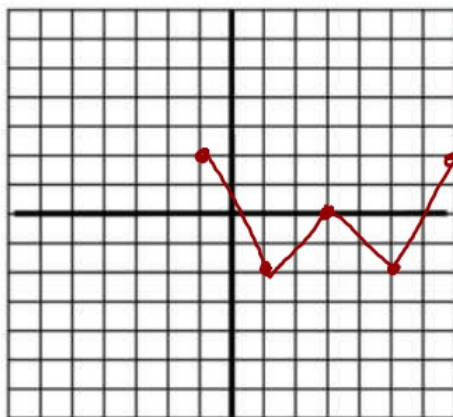
up 3 $\rightarrow$ y
compress $\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow$ y



X	$\frac{1}{2}y + 3$
-4	$\frac{1}{2}(-2) + 3 = -1 + 3 = 2$
-2	$\frac{1}{2}(0) + 3 = 0 + 3 = 3$
0	$\frac{1}{2}(2) + 3 = 1 + 3 = 4$
2	$\frac{1}{2}(4) + 3 = 2 + 3 = 5$
4	$\frac{1}{2}(6) + 3 = 3 + 3 = 6$

$$5) m(x) = -f(x-3)$$

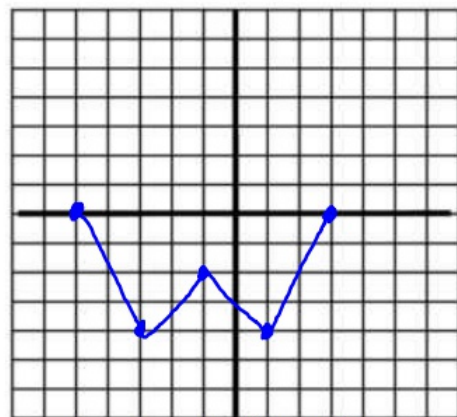
Reflect over X $\rightarrow$ Y
right 3 $\rightarrow$ X



X+3	-Y
-4+3=-1	2
-2+3=1	0
0+3=3	-2
2+3=5	-4
4+3=7	-6

$$6) n(x) = -f(x+1) - 2$$

Reflect over X
 $\rightarrow$ Y
left 1
 $\rightarrow$ X
down 2
 $\rightarrow$ Y



X-1	-Y-2
-5	$-(-2)-2 = 2-2 = 0$
-3	$-(0)-2 = -0-2 = -2$
-1	$-(2)-2 = -2-2 = -4$
1	$-(4)-2 = -4-2 = -6$
3	$-(6)-2 = -6-2 = -8$