

$$y = x$$

Linear

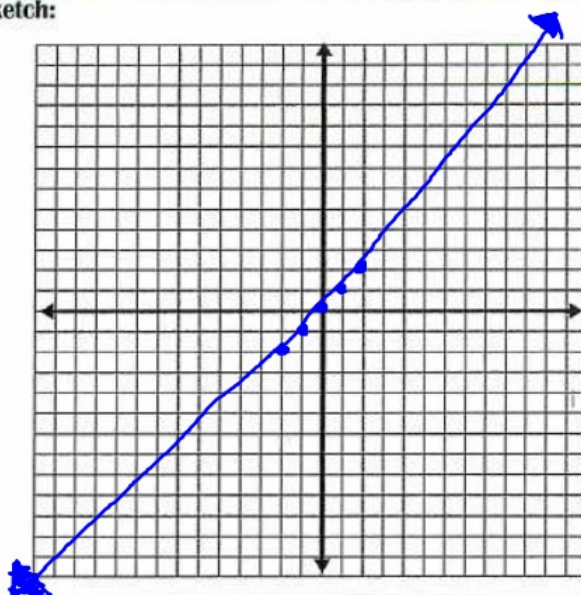
$$f(x) = x$$

Table of Values

choose two positive,
two negative and zero
for values of x

x	y
-2	-2
-1	-1
0	0
1	1
2	2

Sketch:



$$f(x) = x$$

Domain
(interval)

$$(-\infty, +\infty)$$

Range
(interval)

$$(-\infty, +\infty)$$

Increasing
(interval)

$$(-\infty, +\infty)$$

Decreasing
(interval)

none

Intercepts

(0,0) - both x and y-int

Asymptotes

None

End behavior

L: $x \rightarrow -\infty$ $y \rightarrow -\infty$ R: $x \rightarrow +\infty$ $y \rightarrow +\infty$

Symmetry

odd

Additional info:

$$y = |x|$$

Absolute Value

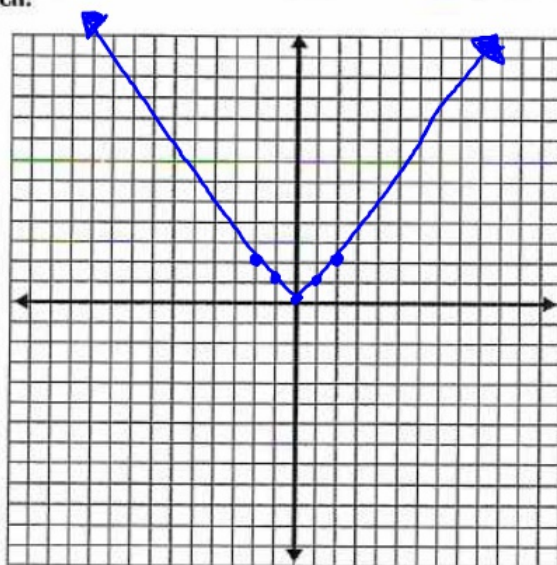
$$f(x) = |x|$$

Table of Values

choose two positive,
two negative and zero
for values of x

x	y
-2	2
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	2

Sketch:



$$f(x) = |x|$$

Domain
(interval)

$$(-\infty, +\infty)$$

Range
(interval)

$$[0, +\infty)$$

Increasing
(interval)

$$(0, +\infty)$$

Decreasing
(interval)

$$(-\infty, 0)$$

Intercepts

$(0, 0)$ both x and y -int

Asymptotes

None

End behavior

$$L: x \rightarrow -\infty \quad y \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$R: x \rightarrow +\infty \quad y \rightarrow +\infty$$

Symmetry

even

Additional info:

V-Shaped

Polynomial (Quadratic)

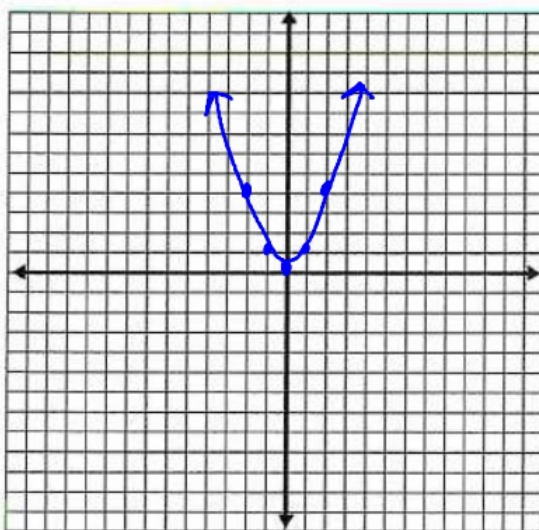
$$f(x) = x^2$$

Table of Values

choose two positive,
two negative and zero
for values of x

x	y
-2	$(-2)^2 = 4$
-1	$(-1)^2 = 1$
0	$(0)^2 = 0$
1	$(1)^2 = 1$
2	$(2)^2 = 4$

Sketch:



$$f(x) = x^2$$

Domain
(interval)

Range
(interval)

Increasing
(interval)

Decreasing
(interval)

Intercepts

Asymptotes

End behavior

Symmetry

Additional info:

Polynomial (Cubic)

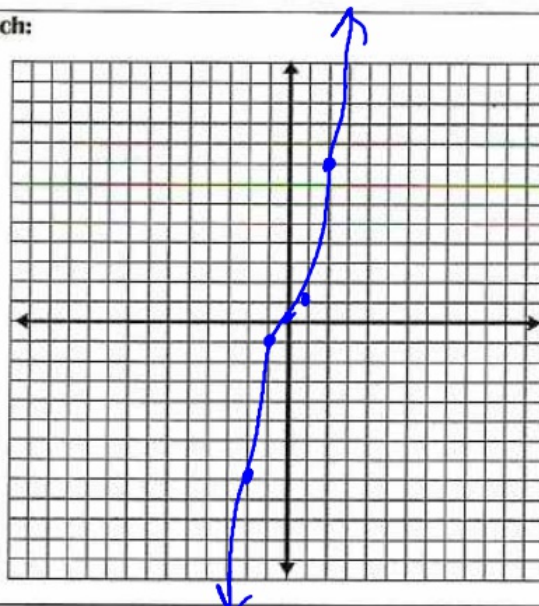
$$f(x) = x^3$$

Table of Values

choose two positive,
two negative and zero
for values of x

x	y
-2	$(-2)^3 = -8$
-1	$(-1)^3 = -1$
0	$(0)^3 = 0$
1	$(1)^3 = 1$
2	$(2)^3 = 8$

Sketch:



$$f(x) = x^3$$

Domain
(interval)

Range
(interval)

Increasing
(interval)

Decreasing
(interval)

Intercepts

Asymptotes

End behavior

Symmetry

Additional info: