

Friday, June 5, 2020

Volumes of Composite Solids

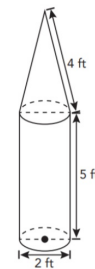
For the examples that will be shown we'll round Volume to the nearest hundredth.

Composite Solid: A solid made up of two or more solids.

Volume of Composite Solids:

There are two basic methods to find the volume of a Composite Solid:

- Divide the solid into pieces. Find the volume of each piece, then add the volumes together.
- Picture the original solid as a larger solid then subtract the volumes of the "missing" pieces.



Total Vol = Vol of cylinder + Vol of cone

Cylinder:

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$h = 5 \text{ ft}$$

$$2 \text{ ft} = \text{diameter}$$

$$r = 2 \div 2 = 1 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Vol cylinder} = \pi (1 \text{ ft})^2 (5 \text{ ft}) = 5\pi \text{ ft}^3$$

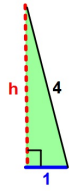
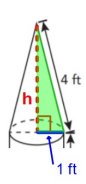
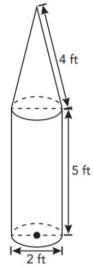
$$= 15.71 \text{ ft}^3$$

Cone:

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$r = 1$ ft same as cylinder

h :



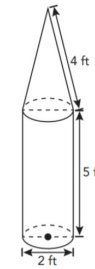
$$h^2 + 1^2 = 4^2$$

$$h^2 = 4^2 - 1^2$$

$$h^2 = 16 - 1 = 15$$

$$h = \sqrt{15}$$

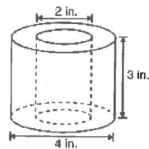
$$\text{Vol of cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \pi (1)^2 (\sqrt{15}) = 4.06 \text{ ft}^3$$



$$\text{Total Volume} = 15.71 \text{ ft}^3 + 4.06 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$= 19.77 \text{ ft}^3$$

This is a cylinder with a hole drilled through it which means



$$\text{Total Vol} = (\text{big cylinder}) - (\text{small cylinder})$$

big cylinder: $V = \pi r^2 h$

$$h = 3 \text{ in} \quad 4 \text{ in} = \text{dia} \\ r = 4 \div 2 = 2 \text{ in}$$

$$V = \pi (2)^2 3 = \pi (4) 3 = 12\pi \text{ in}^3$$

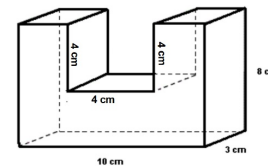
small cylinder: $V = \pi r^2 h$

$$h = 3 \text{ in} \quad 2 \text{ in} = \text{dia} \\ r = 2 \div 2 = 1 \text{ in}$$

$$V = \pi (1)^2 3 = \pi (1) 3 = 3\pi \text{ in}^3$$

$$\text{Total Vol} = 12\pi - 3\pi = 9\pi = 28.27 \text{ in}^3$$

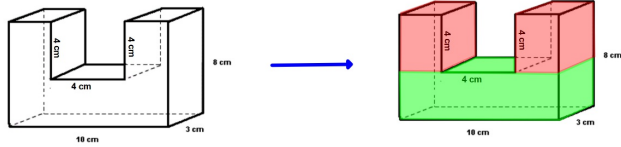
All angles are right angles and the "gap" is centered on the front face.






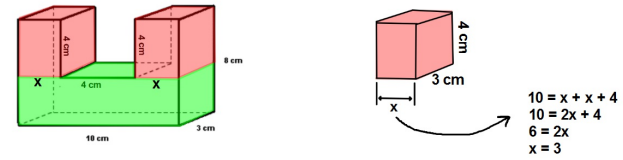
We'll find the volume of this Composite Solid two ways.


1. Divide it into 3 smaller solids and add the 3 volumes.
2. Make it into one larger solid and subtract the "missing" piece.


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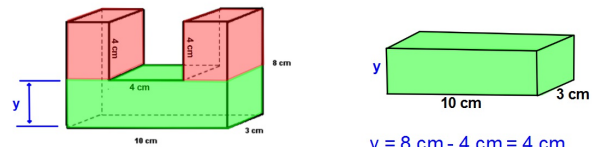


Total Volume =  +  + 

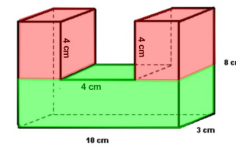


Vol of 1  = $(3)(3)(4) = 36 \text{ cm}^3$

Vol of 2  = $2(36 \text{ cm}^3) = 72 \text{ cm}^3$

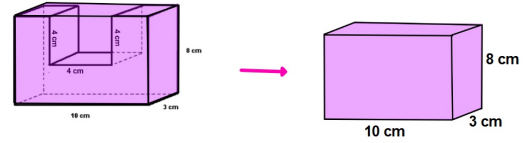
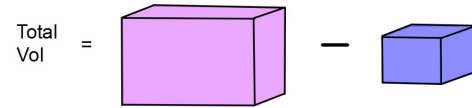
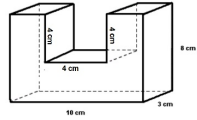


Vol = $(10)(3)(4) = 120 \text{ cm}^3$

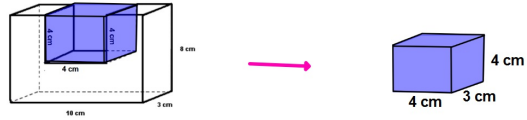


Total Vol = $72 \text{ cm}^3 + 120 \text{ cm}^3 = 192 \text{ cm}^3$

2. Make it into one larger solid and subtract the "missing" piece.

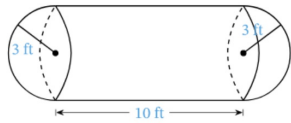


$$\text{Vol} = (10)(3)(8) = 240 \text{ cm}^3$$

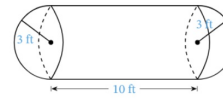


$$\text{Vol} = (4)(3)(4) = 48 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{Total Volume} = 240 \text{ cm}^3 - 48 \text{ cm}^3 = 192 \text{ cm}^3$$



Total Vol = Cylinder + hemisphere + hemisphere
 = Cylinder + 1 Sphere



Cylinder: $V = \pi r^2 h$

$h = 10 \text{ ft}$

$r = 3 \text{ ft}$

$V = \pi(3)^2 10 = \pi(9)10$

$= 90\pi \text{ ft}^3$



Sphere: $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

$r = 3 \text{ ft}$ same as the cylinder

$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi (3)^3 = \frac{4}{3} \pi (27)$

$= 36\pi \text{ ft}^3$



Total Vol = $90\pi \text{ ft}^3 + 36\pi \text{ ft}^3 = 126\pi \text{ ft}^3$

$= 395.84 \text{ ft}^3$

You can now finish Practice #27 by doing problems 13 and 14.

This practice is due on Sunday, June 7 by 10:00 pm