

Bellwork Friday, April 4, 2014

1. Is ABCD a Parallelogram? Explain your answer.

A(24, 18) B(15, -8) C(-7, -5) D(2, 21)

$AC = \left( \frac{24 + (-7)}{2}, \frac{18 + (-5)}{2} \right) = (8.5, 6.5)$ 
  
 $BD = \left( \frac{15 + 2}{2}, \frac{-8 + 21}{2} \right) = (8.5, 6.5)$ 
  
 Yes b/c same midpt means diagonals bisect

2. Use Rhombus ABCD to do the following:

A(1, -7) B(6, 3) C(-5, 1) D(-10, -9)

Find the slope of both diagonals.

AC  $m = \frac{-4}{3}$ 
 BD  $m = \frac{3}{4}$ 
  
 $\frac{-7-1}{1-5} = \frac{-8}{-4} = 2$

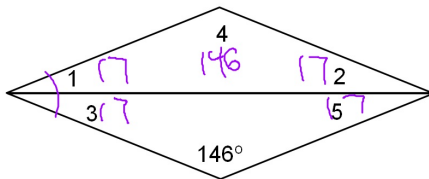
How are the diagonals related to each other?

Perpendicular.

Slopes are opposite reciprocals

3. Find the measures of the numbered angles in the Rhombi below.

a)



b)

