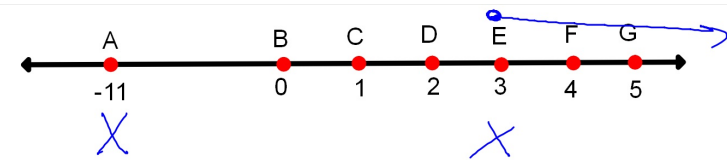


Midpoint: The point that divides a segment into two congruent segments.



A line, a ray, or another segment that passes through a midpoint is said to **bisect** the segment.



Find the midpoint of each segment.

1. \overline{CG} *E or 3* 2. \overline{BE} *1 1/2* 3. \overline{CF} *2.5*

4. \overline{AE} *-4 = (-11 + 3) / 2 = -8 / 2*

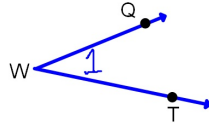
The "midpoint" of any two numbers is their AVERAGE

5. What is the midpoint of \overrightarrow{EG} ?

Angle: Formed by two rays with the same endpoint.

Symbol: \angle

Vertex: The common endpoint of the two rays (sides)



Naming an angle:

- Three letter where the middle letter is the vertex and the other two letters are points on each of the rays.

- A single letter (the vertex)

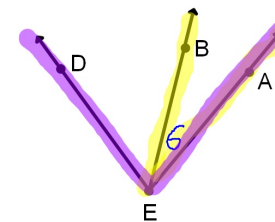
- A number

$\angle W$, $\angle QWT$, $\angle TWQ$

$\angle 1$

You

Name the angle that is highlighted.



*$\angle AEB$, $\angle BEA$
 $\angle 6$*

$\angle DEA$, $\angle AED$

Acute Angle An angle whose measure is $0^\circ < x < 90^\circ$



Right Angle An angle whose measure is $= 90^\circ$



Obtuse Angle An angle whose measure is $90^\circ < x < 180^\circ$



Straight Angle An angle whose measure is $= 180^\circ$

