Tuesday, June 2, 2020

Probability of Multiple Events: P(A or B)

## Mutually Exclusive Events:

When two events **CAN'T** happen at the same time.

## Yesterday we worked on P(A and B)

AND: In probability AND will mean to MULTIPLY

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = \begin{cases} If \text{ events are } Independent = P(A) \bullet P(B) \\ If \text{ events are } Dependent = P(A) \bullet P(B \text{ after } A) \end{cases}$$

Can these two events happen at the same time?

1. Studying for a test and listening to music.

YES - so they are NOT mutually exclusive.

2. Reading a book and sleeping.

NO - so they are ARE mutually exclusive.

Is each pair of events mutually exclusive?

1. Getting an even number or a 5 when you roll a die.

YES - these two CAN'T happen at the same time

2. Getting a multiple of 3 or an even number when you roll a die.

NO - these two CAN happen at the same time. EX: the number 6

3. Getting a prime number or an even number when rolling a die.

NO - these two CAN happen at the same time. EX: the number 2

4. Rolling a 2 or a 3 on a die

YES - these two CAN'T happen at the same time. No single roll of a die will lead to both a 2 & a 3.

Finding P(A or B):

If A and B ARE mutually exclusive:

A and B CAN'T happen at the same time (or together).

$$P(A \text{ or } B)=P(A)+P(B)$$

If A and B are **NOT** mutually exclusive:

A and B CAN happen at the same time (or together).

$$P(A \text{ or } B)=P(A)+P(B)-P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B)=P(A) \bullet P(B)$$

If two events ARE mutually exclusive - meaning they CAN'T happen at the same time then:

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = 0$$

If two events are NOT mutually exclusive - meaning they CAN happen at the same time then:

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$$

Give answers as a percent rounded to the nearest hundredth.

1. The probability that it snows today=  $\frac{1}{100}$  and the probability that my car doesn't start today =  $\frac{2}{75}$ 

P(snows today or car doesn't start) =

1st: Ask yourself, "can these happen at the same time?"

Answer: 
$$YES$$
  $\longrightarrow$  P(A or B)= P(A) + P(B) - P(A and B)

P(snows today or car doesn't start) =  $\frac{1}{100} + \frac{2}{75} - \frac{1}{100} \cdot \frac{2}{75}$ 

2. The probability that you score more than 10 points in the basketball game is  $\frac{3}{8}$  and the probability that you don't score any points is  $\frac{1}{6}$ .

Find P(score > 10 points or score 0 points)=

1st: Ask yourself, "can these happen at the same time?"

Answer: NO  $\longrightarrow$  P(A or B)= P(A) + P(B)

Find P(score > 10 points or score 0 points)=  $\frac{3}{8}$  +  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

You can now do problems 4-6 of Practice #30.

We'll continue this material tomorrow.

Practice #30 will be due on Sunday, June 7 by 10:00 pm

3. The probability that a certain student cheats on a test is  $\frac{4}{9}$  and the probability that the same student fails the test is  $\frac{6}{12}$ 

Find the probability that on the next test this student cheats or they fail.

P(cheat or fail) =

1st: Ask yourself, "can these happen at the same time?"

Answer: 
$$YES \longrightarrow P(A \text{ or } B)= P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

P(cheat or fail) = 
$$\frac{4}{9} + \frac{6}{13} - \frac{4}{9} \cdot \frac{6}{13} = 70.09\%$$