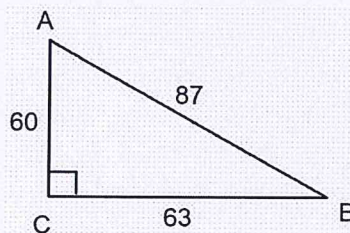


1. Write each as a ratio using this triangle:



$$\sec B =$$

$$\tan A =$$

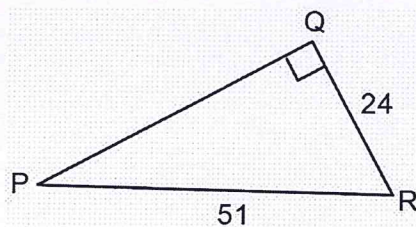
$$\sin B =$$

$$\cot B =$$

$$\csc A =$$

$$\cos A =$$

2. Write each as a ratio using this triangle:



$$\csc R =$$

$$\cot P =$$

$$\sec R =$$

3. Given right $\triangle JKL$ where L is the right angle, $\sin K = \frac{20}{29}$. Find the remaining five trig ratios of angle K.

$$\cos K =$$

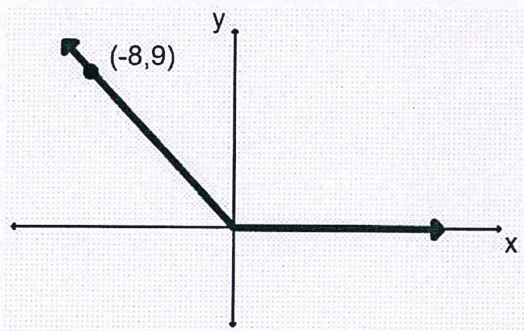
$$\tan K =$$

$$\csc K =$$

$$\sec K =$$

$$\cot K =$$

4. Find the reference angle for the given angle in Standard Position:

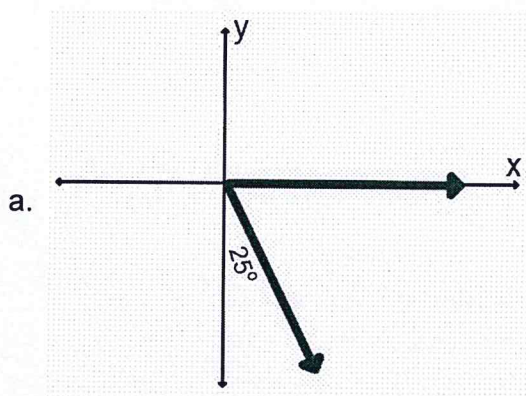


5. State the reference angle for each of the given angles which is in Standard Position.

a) $\theta = 135^\circ$

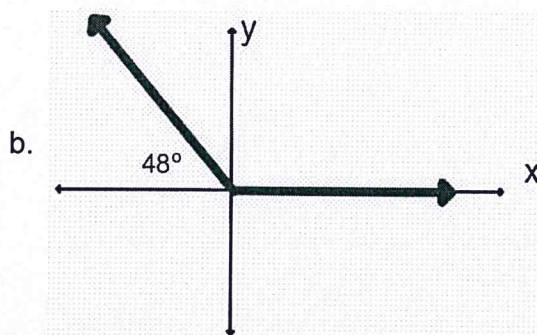
b) $\theta = -170^\circ$

6. State both the positive and the negative measure for this angle which is in Standard Position.



Pos:

Neg:

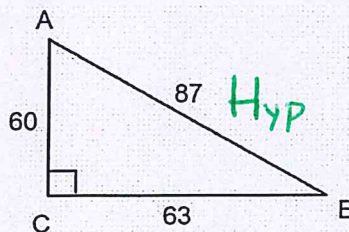


Pos:

Neg:

1. Write each as a ratio using this triangle:

SOHCAHTOA



$$\sec B = \frac{1}{\cos B} = \frac{87}{63}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}} = \frac{63}{60}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{60}{87}$$

$$\cos B = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{63}{87}$$

$$\cot B = \frac{1}{\tan B} = \frac{63}{60}$$

$$\csc A = \frac{1}{\sin A} = \frac{87}{63}$$

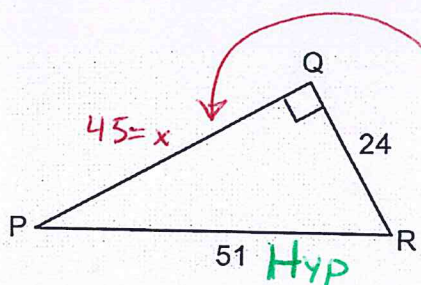
$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{60}{87}$$

$$\tan B = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}} = \frac{60}{63}$$

$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{63}{87}$$

2. Write each as a ratio using this triangle:

SOHCAHTOA



$$x^2 + 24^2 = 51^2$$

$$x^2 = 51^2 - 24^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{51^2 - 24^2}$$

$$x = 45$$

$$\csc R = \frac{1}{\sin R} = \frac{51}{24}$$

$$\cot P = \frac{1}{\tan P} = \frac{45}{24}$$

$$\sec R = \frac{1}{\cos R} = \frac{51}{24}$$

$$\sin R = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{24}{51}$$

$$\tan P = \frac{24}{45}$$

$$\cos R = \frac{24}{51}$$

3. Given right $\triangle JKL$ where L is the right angle, $\sin K = \frac{20}{29}$. Find the remaining five trig ratios of angle K.

$$\cos K = \frac{21}{29}$$

$$\tan K = \frac{20}{21}$$

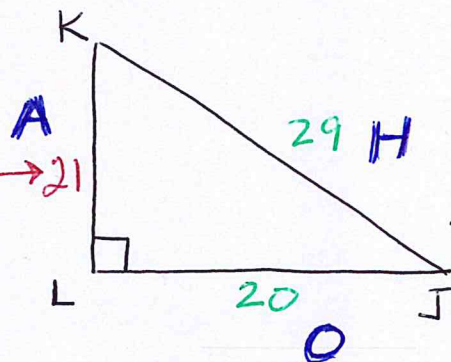
$$\csc K = \frac{29}{20}$$

$$\sec K = \frac{29}{21}$$

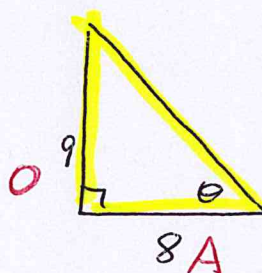
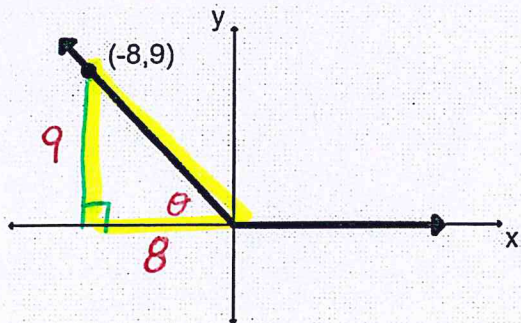
$$\cot K = \frac{21}{20}$$

$$\sin K = \frac{20}{29} \begin{matrix} \text{opp} \\ \text{hyp} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 20^2 &= 29^2 \\ x^2 &= 29^2 - 20^2 \\ x &= \sqrt{29^2 - 20^2} \\ x &= 21 \end{aligned}$$



4. Find the reference angle for the given angle in Standard Position:



SOHCAHTOA

$$\tan \theta = \frac{9}{8}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{9}{8}\right)$$

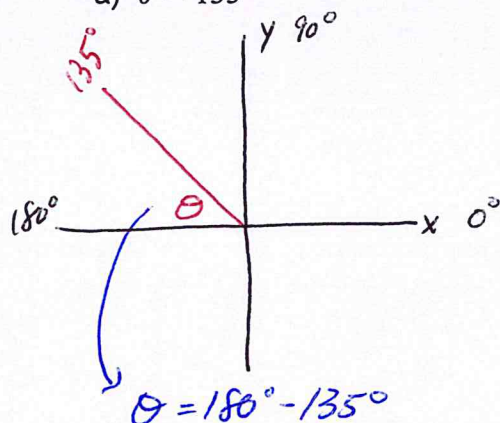
$$\theta = 48.37^\circ$$

$$\text{Ref } \angle \theta = 48.37^\circ$$

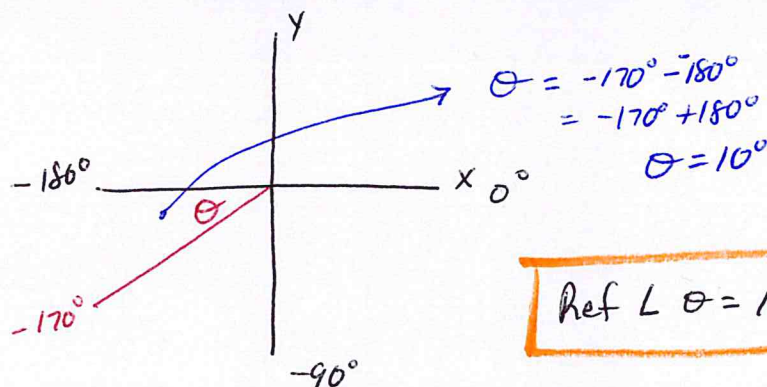
5. State the reference angle for each of the given angles which is in Standard Position.

a) $\theta = 135^\circ$

b) $\theta = -170^\circ$

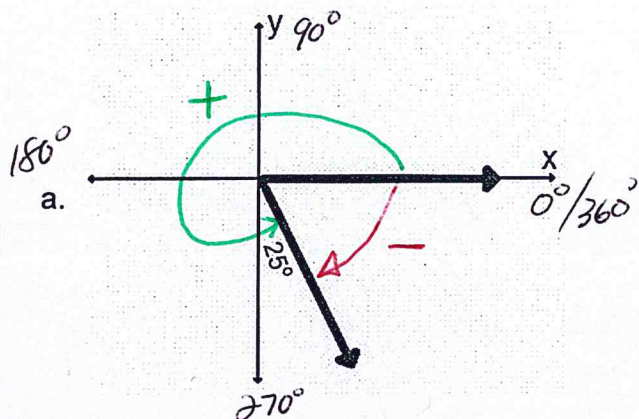


$$\text{Ref } \angle \theta = 45^\circ$$



$$\text{Ref } \angle \theta = 10^\circ$$

6. State both the positive and the negative measure for this angle which is in Standard Position.

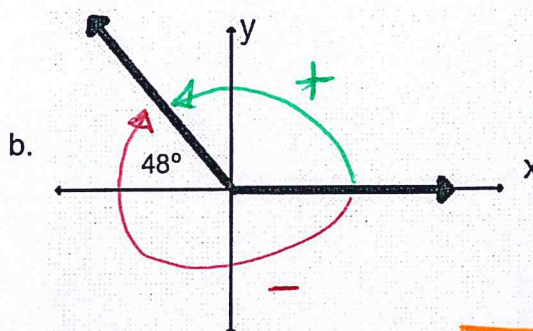


Pos:

$$270^\circ + 25^\circ = 295^\circ$$

Neg:

$$-(90 - 25)^\circ = -65^\circ$$



Pos:

$$180^\circ - 48^\circ = 132^\circ$$

Neg:

$$-(180 + 48)^\circ = -228^\circ$$