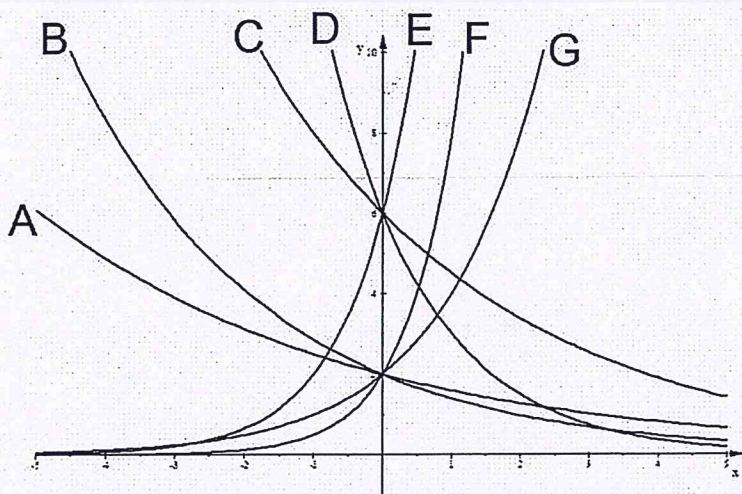


1. Match each equation with its graph.

- a. $y = 2(4)^x$ b. $y = 6(0.5)^x$ c. $y = 6(3)^x$ d. $y = 2(0.7)^x$
 e. $y = 6(0.75)^x$ f. $y = 2(0.8)^x$ g. $y = 2(2)^x$



2. The half-life of a medicine is 1hr 10min. You are given a 180mg dose at 9:00am. Find the amount of medicine that is still present at 3:15pm. Round to the nearest hundredth.

3. Solve each equation. Round to the nearest hundredth.

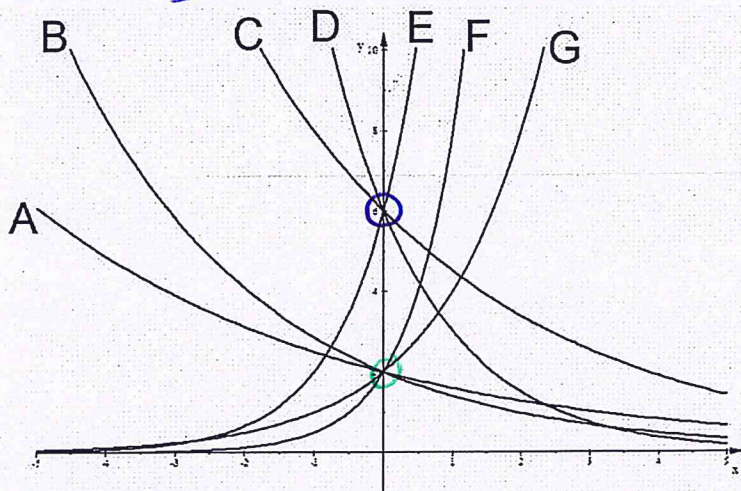
a) $8 + 4(1.5)^{x-3} = 25$

b) $13 - 5 \ln(2x + 7) = 44$

4. Write the equation of an exponential function that passes through these two points: (3,96) & (6,6144)

1. Match each equation with its graph.

- a. F $y = 2(4)^x$ b. D $y = 6(0.5)^x$ c. E $y = 6(3)^x$ d. B $y = 2(0.7)^x$
 e. C $y = 6(0.75)^x$ f. A $y = 2(0.8)^x$ g. G $y = 2(2)^x$



2. The half-life of a medicine is 1hr 10min. You are given a 180mg dose at 9:00am. Find the amount of medicine that is still present at 3:15pm. Round to the nearest hundredth.

$b = 0.5$

$$y = 180(0.5)^x \quad x = \# \text{ half lives} = \frac{375}{70}$$

$y = 4.39 \text{ mg}$

half life = 1 hr 10 min
= 70 min

TOTAL TIME:
9:00 am to 3:15 pm =
6 hr and 15 min

$\frac{6 \times 60}{360} + 15 = 375 \text{ min}$

3. Solve each equation. Round to the nearest hundredth.

a) $8 + 4(1.5)^{x-3} = 25$
-8 -8

$\frac{4(1.5)^{x-3}}{4} = \frac{17}{4}$

$1.5^{x-3} = 4.25$

$\log_{1.5}(4.25) = x - 3$

$x = 6.57$

b) $13 - 5 \ln(2x + 7) = 44$
-13 -13

$\frac{-5 \ln(2x+7)}{-5} = \frac{31}{-5}$

$\ln(2x+7) = -6.2$

$e^{-6.2} = 2x + 7$

$x = -3.50$

4. Write the equation of an exponential function that passes through these two points: (3, 96) & (6, 6144)

(3, 96)
x y

(6, 6144)
x y

$y = a \cdot b^x$

$96 = a \cdot b^3$

$a = \frac{96}{b^3}$

$6144 = a \cdot b^6$

$6144 = \frac{96}{b^3} b^6$

$\frac{6144}{96} = \frac{96 b^3}{96}$

$\sqrt[3]{64} = \sqrt[3]{b^3}$

$b = 4$

$a = \frac{96}{4^3} \Rightarrow a = 1.5$

$y = 1.5(4)^x$