Bellwork Alg 2 Monday, March 2, 2020

 $A = Pe^{rt} \qquad A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$

1. You invest \$25,000 for 20 years in an account that pays 9% annual interest. Find the difference between the amount of money you'll end up with if interest is compounded quarterly verses compounded continuously. Round to the nearest penny.

2. Find the equation of the exponential function that passes through the following two points: (6,3280.5) & (8,7381.125)

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$$A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

1. You invest \$25,000 for 20 years in an account that pays 9% annual interest. Find the difference between the amount of money you'll end up with if interest is compounded quarterly verses compounded continuously. Round to the nearest penny.

Compounded Quartery

$$p = 25,000$$

 $r = .09$
 $n = 4$
 $t = 20$

$$A = 25,000 \left(1 + \frac{.09}{4}\right)^{4.20}$$

$$A = \frac{4}{148},253,63$$

Compounded Continuously

$$p = 25,000$$
 $r = .09$
 $t = 20$

A = 25,000 e

Difference = 151,241.19-148,253.63

compounding Continuously
earns an extra \$2987.56

2. Find the equation of the exponential function that passes through the following two points: (6,3280.5) & (8,7381.125)

3280.5 = a.b

$$a = \frac{3280.5}{b^6}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{3280.5}{(1.5)^{6}}$$

7381.125 = a.b8

 $\frac{7381.125 = 3280.5}{3280.5} \quad 5^{2}$

y=288(1.5)*