

## Sec 6-6: Exponential and Logarithmic Equations

## Solve Exponential Equations Using a Common Base

<b>Symbols</b>	Suppose $b > 0$ and $b \neq 1$ , then $b^x = b^y$ if and only if $x = y$ .
<b>Words</b>	If two powers of the same base are equal, then their exponents are equal; if two exponents are equal, then the powers with the same base are equal.

### Example 1

What is the solution to  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x+7} = 4^{3x}$ ?

$$(2^{-1})^{x+7} = (2^2)^{3x}$$

Turn each power into the same base

$$2^{-1(x+7)} = 2^{2 \cdot 3x}$$

Now set the exponents equal to each other

$$-(x+7) = 2 \cdot 3x$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -x-7 = 6x \\ +x \quad +x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -7 = 7x \\ \hline 7 \quad 7 \end{array}$$

$$x = -1$$

### Example 1

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### Try It!

1. Solve each equation using a common base.

a.  $25^{3x} = 125^{x+2}$

b.  $0.001 = 10^{6x}$

$$\text{a. } 25^{3x} = 125^{x+2}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow$$

$$(5^2)^{3x} = (5^3)^{x+2}$$

$$5^{6x} = 5^{3(x+2)}$$

$$6x = 3(x+2)$$

$$6x = 3x + 6$$

$$\text{---} 3x \quad \text{---} 3x$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\text{b. } 0.001 = 10^{6x}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$10^{-3} = 10^{6x}$$

$$\frac{-3}{6} = \frac{6x}{6}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

### Property of Equality for Logarithmic Equations

<b>Symbols</b>	If $x > 0$ , then $\log_b x = \log_b y$ if and only if $x = y$ .
<b>Words</b>	If two logarithms (exponents) of the same base are equal, then the quantities are equal; if two quantities are equal, and the bases are the same, then the logarithms (exponents) are equal.

**Example 3** What is the solution to  $3^{x+1} = 5^x$ ?

$$\log 3^{x+1} = \log 5^x \quad \text{Take the log of both sides and move exponents to coefficients}$$

$$\text{distribute log3} \quad (x+1) \log 3 = x \log 5$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x \log 3 + \log 3 & = & x \log 5 \\ -x \log 3 & & -x \log 3 \end{array} \quad \text{move all x terms to one side}$$

$$\log 3 = x \log 5 - x \log 3$$

$$\log 3 = x (\log 5 - \log 3) \quad \text{factor out the x from the two terms on the right side then divide to get x by itself}$$

$$\frac{\log 3}{\log 5 - \log 3} = \frac{x (\log 5 - \log 3)}{\log 5 - \log 3}$$

$$x = \frac{\log 3}{\log 5 - \log 3} \quad x = 2.15$$