

Factoring Polynomials with 4-terms

- Start with GCF, if any.
- Try factoring into two binomial factors.
- Look to see if either binomial can be factored further using Difference of Perfect Squares.

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[Exploring"Other Polynomial Equations"](#)

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Agilemind Workbook: SAS4 Question #11

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Agilemind Workbook: SAS4 Question #12

Factoring 4-terms: $3x^4 - 6x^3 + 27x^2 - 54x$

Method 1:

Factor by grouping

"using parentheses"

$$(x^3 - 2x^2) + (9x - 18)$$

$$x^2(x-2) + 9(x-2)$$

$$(x^2 + 9)(x-2)$$

$$3x(x^2 + 9)(x-2)$$

Method 2:

Factor using the Box

"area model"

	x	-2
x^2	x^3	$-2x^2$
$+9$	$+9x$	-18

$$3x(x^2 + 9)(x-2)$$

Same result

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Agilemind Workbook: SAS4 Question #13 a-c

13. Factor the following polynomials by grouping using the method of your choice.

a. $6x^3 - 4x^2 - 9x + 6$

Group using an area model:

	$3x$	-2
$2x^2$	$6x^3$	$-4x^2$
-3	$-9x$	$+6$

$$(2x^2 - 3)(3x - 2)$$

Group using parentheses:

$$(6x^3 - 4x^2) + (-9x + 6)$$

$$2x^2(3x - 2) - 3(3x - 2)$$

$$(2x^2 - 3)(3x - 2)$$

b. $8x^4 - 40x^3 - x + 5$

Group using an area model:

	x	-5
$8x^3$	$8x^4$	$-40x^3$
-1	$-x$	$+5$

Group using parentheses:

$$(8x^3 - 1)(x - 5)$$

c. $2x^4 + 3x^3 + 16x + 40$

Group using an area model:

Group using parentheses:

$$(2x^4 + 3x^3) + (16x + 40)$$
$$x^3(\underline{2x + 3}) + 8(\underline{2x + 5})$$


These don't
match, therefore,
this is not
factorable

Hwk #33

Due Wednesday

Topic 6: Polynomial Equations

Agilemind Workbook: SAS4 question 15 & 16

these go
together

Agilemind website: More Practice #'s 14-18