

Bellwork Alg 2 Tuesday, October 1, 2019

State the domain restriction on such that the resulting inverse IS a function.

1. $y = -4x^2 + 2$

2. $y = 2(x - 1)^2$

3. Given $f(x) = 3x - 7$ find $f^{-1}(5)$

4. Given $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{9} + 6$; $x \geq 0$

a) Write the equation of the inverse. Simplify if possible.

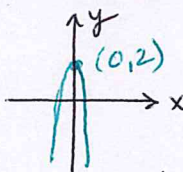
b) Find $f^{-1}(10)$

5. Given the following function: $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4, x \geq -1$ is the inverse also a function?

State the domain restriction on such that the resulting inverse IS a function.

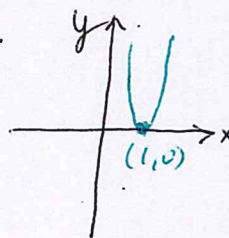
1. $y = -4x^2 + 2$

- opens down
- 4 times taller
- moved 2 units up



Domain: $x \geq 0$ or $[0, \infty)$

2. $y = 2(x - 1)^2$



- 2 times taller
- moved 1 unit right

Domain: $x \geq 1$ or $[1, \infty)$

3. Given $f(x) = 3x - 7$ find $f^{-1}(5)$

one possible method:

1. write eq of inverse: $x = 3y - 7 \rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+7}{3}$

2. EVALUATE $f^{-1}(5) = \frac{5+7}{3} = \frac{12}{3} = 4$

4. Given $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{9} + 6; x \geq 0$

a) Write the equation of the inverse. Simplify if possible.

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{y^2}{9} + 6 - 6 \\ -6 & \cdot \frac{y^2}{9} + 6 - 6 \\ 9(x-6) &= \frac{y^2}{9} \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{9(x-6)} = \sqrt{y^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f^{-1}(x) &= \sqrt{9(x-6)} = \sqrt{9} \sqrt{x-6} \\ &= 3\sqrt{x-6} \end{aligned}$$

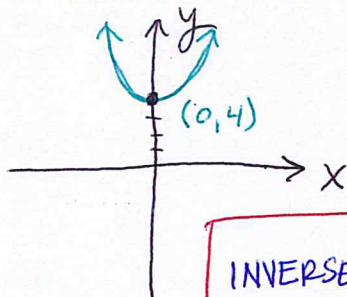
b) Find $f^{-1}(10)$

$$f^{-1}(10) = 3\sqrt{10-6} = 3\sqrt{4} = 3 \cdot 2 = 6$$

5. Given the following function: $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4, x \geq -1$ is the inverse also a function?

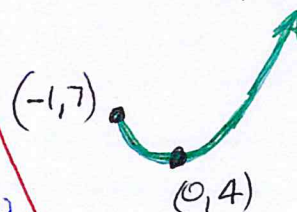
$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 4$$

- 3 times taller
- moved up 4



INVERSE IS NOT A FUNCTION

if domain is $x \geq -1$ you will see this much of the parabola:



THIS part of the parabola doesn't pass the horiz. line test