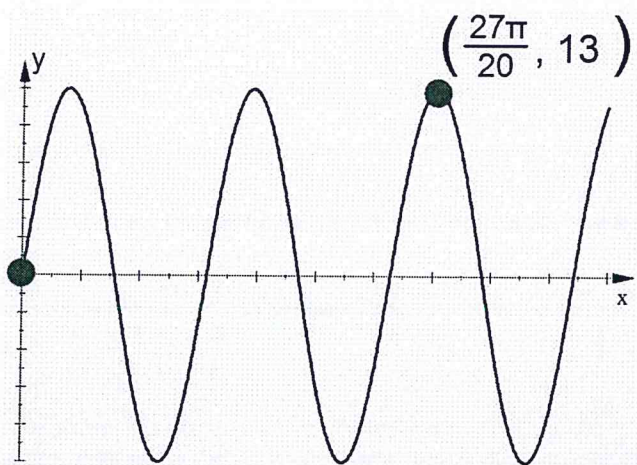


Sketch one period of each Sine function. Label the coordinates of all minimums, maximums, and points on the midline.

1. $y = -20 \sin \frac{18x}{23}$

2. $y = 4 \sin 5x + 1$

3. Find the amplitude and period. Use these to find the values of a and b so that you can write the equation of this graph in the form $y = a \sin bx$. Remember, $b = \frac{2\pi}{\text{Period}}$.



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1. $y = -20 \sin \frac{18x}{23}$

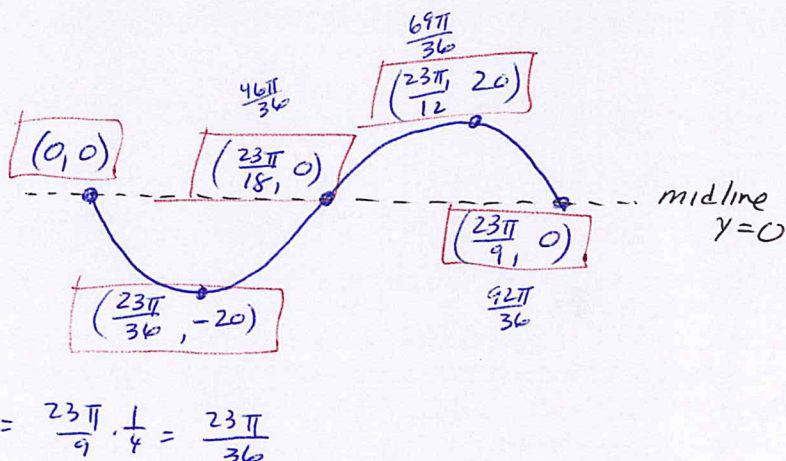
Amplitude = 20

Upside down

period = $\frac{2\pi}{18/23}$

$= 2\pi \cdot \frac{23}{18}$

$= \frac{23\pi}{9} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \text{ period} = \frac{23\pi}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{23\pi}{36}$



2. $y = 4 \sin 5x + 1$

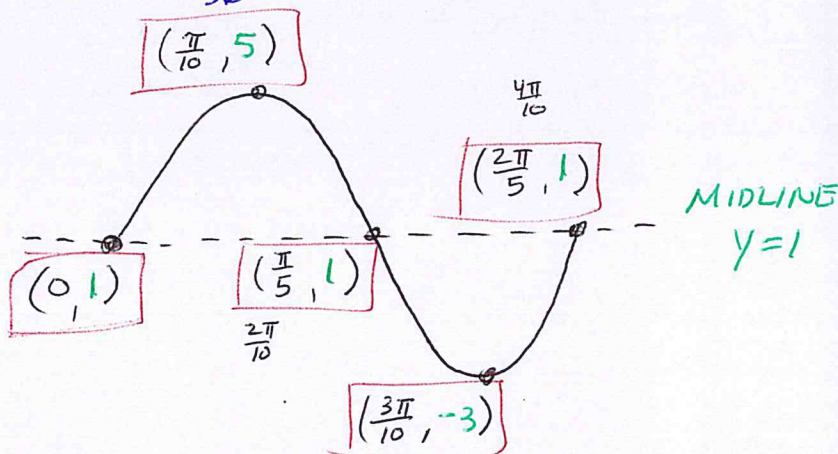
Amplitude = 4

Not upside down

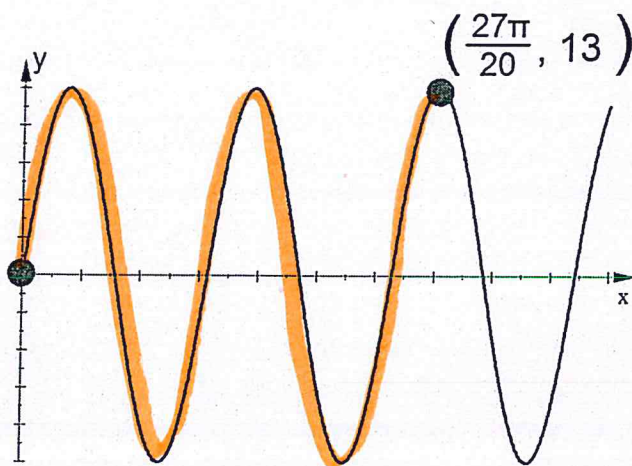
period = $\frac{2\pi}{5}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ period:

$\frac{2\pi}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\pi}{10}$

Vertical shift 1 unit up
MIDLINE: $y=1$



3. Find the amplitude and period. Use these to find the values of a and b so that you can write the equation of this graph in the form $y = a \sin bx$. Remember, $b = \frac{2\pi}{\text{Period}}$.



Amplitude = 13
Not upside down

$a = 13$

midline: $y=0$ No vertical shift

$y = 13 \sin \frac{10}{3}x$
or $13 \sin \frac{10x}{3}$

period = $\frac{2\pi}{20} = \frac{27\pi}{20} \cdot \frac{4}{9} = \frac{9\pi}{15} = \frac{3\pi}{5}$

$b = \frac{2\pi}{\text{period}} = \frac{2\pi}{3\pi/5} = 2\pi \cdot \frac{5}{3\pi}$

$b = \frac{10}{3}$