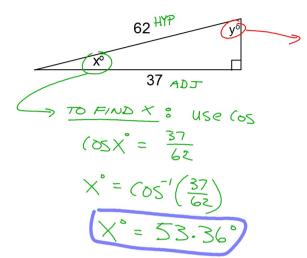
Find the value of x and y to the nearest hundredth.

SOHCAHTOA



If you found the missing leg using the Pythagorean Theorem you would get 49.75. Since x is opposite the bigger leg it should be a bigger angle than y. This confirms the answers we got make sense.

if you've already
found angle x
you can find
angle y +his
way:

y'=90-X'

y'=90-53.36'

y'=36.64

If you wanted to find y first 37 would be the opposite leg and you would hav to use inverse Sin: Sin⁻¹(37/62)

Hwk #12 Sec 14-3

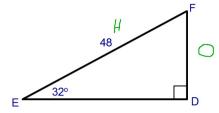
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Problems 2(<u>a,f</u>), 3(<u>a,b,e</u>), 5, 6, 36, 37

Solve this triangle. Round to the r

Round to the nearest hundredth.

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It makes sense that ED is bigger than FD, because ED is opposite Angle F which is a bigger angle than Angle E.

 $\angle F = 90^{\circ} - 32^{\circ} = 58^{\circ}$

FD:

Using the 32° angle, FD is the Opposite leg and 48 is the Hypotenuse.

Therefore, you must use Sin to find FD.

multiply both sides by 48 and you get: FD = 25.44

ED: Using the 32° angle, ED is the Adjacent leg and 48 is the Hypotenuse. Therefore, you must use Cos to find ED.

$$Cos 32^{\circ} = \frac{ED}{48}$$

multiply both sides by 48 and you get: ED = 40.71

A 22 foot long ramp runs from the parking lot up to the loading dock of a building. The ramp makes a 15° angle with the ground. How high above the parking lot is the loading dock? Round to the nearest tenth of a foot.



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 $SIN/5° = \frac{h}{ZZ}$ multiply both SIdes by ZZ. h = 5.7 ft