



This symbol is called a radical  
it indicates finding a root.

The number in this  
spot is called the  
**Index**.

It tells what  
root you are to find.

If there is no index it means  
**Square Root**.



This quantity is  
called  
the **Radicand**

$$4^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{4}$$

Rational exponents represent radicals.

The denominator of the rational exponent represents  
the **INDEX** of the radical.

If  $4^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{4}$ , then

what do these  
represent?

$$4^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{4} \text{ the cube root of } 4$$

$$4^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{4} \text{ the fourth root of } 4$$

$$4^{\frac{1}{5}} = \sqrt[5]{4} \text{ the fifth root of } 4$$

What would this represent?

$$4^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{4} \text{ the "n"}^{\text{th}} \text{ root of } 4$$

If  $\sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

How would you write this as a power of x?

$$\sqrt{x^3} = (x^3)^{1/2} = x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a} \quad \text{"the nth root of a"}$$

The denominator of the rational exponent represents the **INDEX** of the radical.

$$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m} \text{ or } (\sqrt[n]{a})^m$$

Get a small white board, marker, and rag.

**Write in exponential form:**

This means to write each using rational exponents.

1.  $\sqrt[4]{g^9}$   
 $g^{\frac{9}{4}}$

2.  $\sqrt{h^5}$   
 $h^{\frac{5}{2}}$

3.  $\sqrt[7]{a}$   
 $a^{\frac{1}{7}}$

**Write in exponential form:**

4.  $\sqrt[5]{3c^2}$   
 $= (3c^2)^{\frac{1}{5}}$   
or  
 $3^{\frac{1}{5}} c^{\frac{2}{5}}$

5.  $\sqrt[4]{(11e)^7}$   
 $= (11e)^{\frac{7}{4}}$   
or  
 $11^{\frac{7}{4}} e^{\frac{7}{4}}$

Write in exponential form:

6.  $\sqrt[9]{x^3}$

$= \cancel{x}^{3/9}$   
or  $x^{1/3}$

7.  $\sqrt{(2mn)^8}$

$= ((2mn)^8)^{1/2}$

$= (2mn)^4$   
or  $16m^4n^4$

Write each in radical form.

1.  $w^{\frac{2}{11}}$

$= \sqrt[11]{w^2}$   
or  $(\sqrt[11]{w})^2$

2.  $k^{\frac{5}{2}}$

$= \sqrt{k^5}$   
or  $(\sqrt{k})^5$

3.  $x^{\frac{1}{7}}$

$= \sqrt[7]{x}$

Write each in radical form.

4.  $m^{2.5}$

$2.5 = 2\frac{1}{2}$   
 $= \frac{5}{2}$

$m^{5/2}$

$= \sqrt{m^5}$   
or  $(\sqrt{m})^5$

5.  $c^{3.1}$

$3.1 = 3\frac{1}{10}$   
 $= \frac{31}{10}$

$c^{31/10}$

$= \sqrt[10]{c^{31}}$   
or  $(\sqrt[10]{c})^{31}$

6.  $w^{-\frac{3}{7}}$

$= \frac{1}{w^{3/7}}$  or  $(\frac{1}{w})^{3/7}$

$= \frac{1}{\sqrt[7]{w^3}}$   
or  $\sqrt[7]{\frac{1}{w^3}}$

You can now finish Hwk #31

Sec 7-4

**Due Monday**

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Problems: 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22-24