Alg 2 Hwk #12 Solving by Factoring Fall 2018 Name:

When solving an equation by factoring you should follow these steps:

- 1. Move all terms to one side of the equation. This means one side will = 0.
- 2. Factor the nonzero side of the equation completely.
- 3. Set each factor equal to zero and solve for x.

Example: Solve  $18x^3 + 42x^2 = 36x$ 

- Step 1: Subtract 36x from both sides:  $18x^3 + 42x^2 36x = 0$
- Step 2: Factor the left side completely: 6x(x+3)(3x-2) = 0
- Step 3: Set each factor containing a variable equal to zero and solve.
- 6x = 0
- and
- x + 3 = 0
- and

$$3x - 2 = 0$$

Solutions are:  $x = 0, -3, \frac{2}{3}$ 

Each equation has been factored for you already, just find the solutions.

1. 
$$(x-7)(x+4) = 0$$

2. 
$$(2x+9)(3x-1)=0$$

3. 
$$9x(x-11)=0$$

$$x =$$

$$x =$$

$$x =$$

Solve each equation by factoring. Show your work.

4. 
$$x^2 + 9x - 52 = 0$$

5. 
$$4x^2 + 13x + 10 = 0$$

6. 
$$24x^2 - 42x = 0$$

7. 
$$2x^2 - 15x = 27$$

$$8. \ \ 20x^2 + 3 = 19x$$

9. 
$$3x^3 - 48x = 0$$

10. 
$$2x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 20 = 0$$