

Bellwork Alg 2 Monday, September 10, 2018

Use these functions:  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 12$   $g(x) = 3x - 5$   $h(x) = 2x + 3$

Perform the following function operations. Simplify your answer. State the domain of the resulting function.

1.  $(g - f)(x)$

2.  $(f \cdot h)(x)$

Factor each completely.

3.  $32x^3 + 8x^2 - 60x$

4.  $6x^3 - 96x$

Use these functions:  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 12$   $g(x) = 3x - 5$   $h(x) = 2x + 3$

Perform the following function operations. Simplify your answer. State the domain of the resulting function.

1.  $(g-f)(x)$

$$= (3x - 5) - (x^2 + 4x - 12)$$

$$= -x^2 - x + 7$$

Domain:  $\mathbb{R}$

2.  $(f \cdot h)(x)$

$$= (x^2 + 4x - 12)(2x + 3)$$

	$x^2$	$+4x$	$-12$
$2x$	$2x^3$	$+8x^2$	$-24x$
$+3$	$+3x^2$	$+12x$	$-36$

$$= 2x^3 + 11x^2 - 12x - 36$$

Domain:  $\mathbb{R}$

Factor each completely.

3.  $32x^3 + 8x^2 - 60x$

GCF:  $4x$

$$= 4x(8x^2 + 2x - 15)$$

	$2x$	$+3$
$4x$	$8x^2$	$+12x$
$-5$	$-10x$	$-15$

$$= 4x(2x + 3)(4x - 5)$$

4.  $6x^3 - 96x$

GCF:  $6x$

$$= 6x(x^2 - 16)$$

DIFFERENCE OF PERFECT SQUARES

$$= 6x(x \pm 4)$$