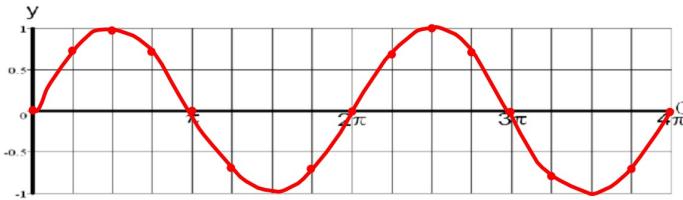


1. Coordinates of points on the Sine Function are graphed below in red.

$\theta$	0	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\pi$	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	$2\pi$	$\frac{9\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$	$\frac{11\pi}{4}$	$3\pi$	$\frac{13\pi}{4}$	$\frac{7\pi}{2}$	$\frac{15\pi}{4}$	$4\pi$
$\text{Sin}\theta$	0	0.71	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0

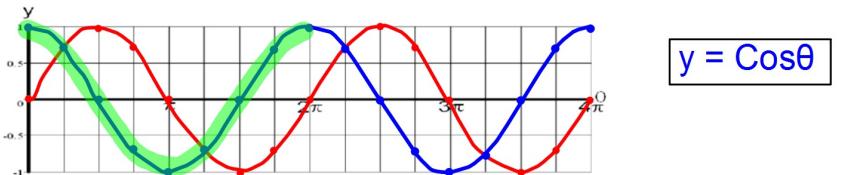
2. Fill out the table for Cos (round decimals to the nearest hundredth) and plot.

$\theta$	0	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\pi$	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	$2\pi$	$\frac{9\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$	$\frac{11\pi}{4}$	$3\pi$	$\frac{13\pi}{4}$	$\frac{7\pi}{2}$	$\frac{15\pi}{4}$	$4\pi$
$\text{Cos}\theta$	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1



2. Fill out the table for Cos (round decimals to the nearest hundredth) and plot.

$\theta$	0	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\pi$	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	$2\pi$	$\frac{9\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$	$\frac{11\pi}{4}$	$3\pi$	$\frac{13\pi}{4}$	$\frac{7\pi}{2}$	$\frac{15\pi}{4}$	$4\pi$
$\text{Cos}\theta$	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1



Period =  $2\pi$       Amplitude = 1      Eq Midline:  $y = 0$

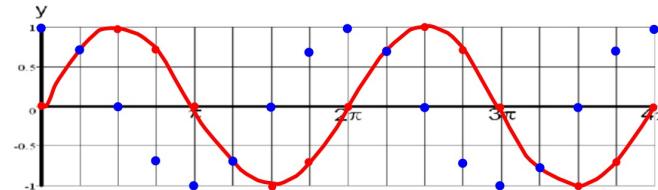
These are all the same as for  $y=\text{Sinx}$  !

1. Coordinates of points on the Sine Function are graphed below in red.

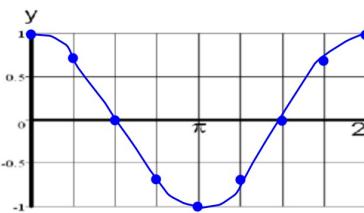
$\theta$	0	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\pi$	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	$2\pi$	$\frac{9\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$	$\frac{11\pi}{4}$	$3\pi$	$\frac{13\pi}{4}$	$\frac{7\pi}{2}$	$\frac{15\pi}{4}$	$4\pi$
$\text{Sin}\theta$	0	0.71	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0

2. Fill out the table for Cos (round decimals to the nearest hundredth) and plot.

$\theta$	0	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$\pi$	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	$2\pi$	$\frac{9\pi}{4}$	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$	$\frac{11\pi}{4}$	$3\pi$	$\frac{13\pi}{4}$	$\frac{7\pi}{2}$	$\frac{15\pi}{4}$	$4\pi$
$\text{Cos}\theta$	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1	0.71	0	-0.71	-1	-0.71	0	0.71	1



One cycle of the parent Sine function looks like a sideways "S".  
What does one period of the parent Cosine function look like?



The "first" period of a Cosine looks like a "U"-shape or similar to a parabola.

Where does Cosine "start"? Cosine "starts" at a MAXIMUM.