

1. Simplify each. Assume all variables are positive.

a) $\sqrt[3]{6m^5p^2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{12m^2p^7}$

b) $\frac{\sqrt{3g^7h^3}}{\sqrt{108g^3h^9}}$

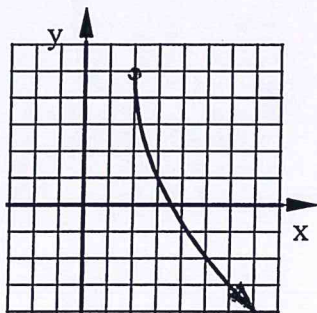
2. Simplify each. Use absolute value symbols when necessary.

a) $\sqrt[3]{80a^{15}b^{26}}$

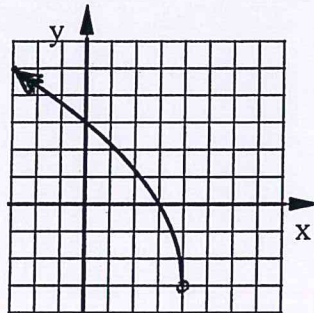
b) $\sqrt[3]{54c^{16}d^8}$

3. Write the equation of each function.

a)



b)



4. Write the equation of the inverse relation to $f(x)$.

$$f(x) = \frac{2(3x-1)^5 + 6}{7}$$

5. Solve. $\log x + \log(x+15) = 2$

6. Use all three properties of logarithms to expand this logarithmic expression. $\log_2 \left(\frac{W^4 \sqrt{G^5}}{D^8 E^3} \right)$

7. State the percent change is modeled in this exponential equation. $y = 2048(0.809)^x$

8. Use the given information to write the equation of this parabola: Focus: $(9, -4)$ Directrix: $x = 2$

9. State the next three terms of this sequence: $\frac{6}{31}, \frac{-6}{37}, \frac{-12}{49}, \frac{36}{67}, \dots$

10. Write the explicit formula for this sequence: $0, \frac{1}{42}, \frac{4}{48}, \frac{9}{54}, \frac{16}{60}, \dots$

ALG 2B Bellwork

Answers

Tue 1-23-18

(1) a) $\sqrt[3]{6m^5p^2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{12m^2p^7}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{72m^7p^9}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 9 m^7 p^9}$$

$$= \boxed{2 m^2 p^3 \sqrt[3]{9m}}$$

b) $\frac{\sqrt{3g^7h^3}}{\sqrt{108g^3h^9}} = \frac{\sqrt{g^4}}{\sqrt{36h^6}}$

$$= \boxed{\frac{g^2}{6h^3}}$$

(2) a) $\sqrt[4]{80a^{15}b^{26}}$

$$= \sqrt[4]{16 \cdot 5 a^{15} b^{26}}$$

$$= \boxed{2 |a^3| b^6 \sqrt[4]{5a^3b^2}}$$

b) $\sqrt[3]{54c^{16}d^8}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 2 c^{16} d^8}$$

$$= \boxed{3c^5d^2 \sqrt[3]{2cd^2}}$$

(3) a) 2 right 5 up
upside down
4x taller

$$\boxed{y = -4\sqrt{x-2} + 5}$$

b) 4 right 3 down
Backwards
3x taller

$$\boxed{y = 3\sqrt{-(x-4)} - 3}$$

(4) $f(x) = \frac{2(3x-1)^5 + 6}{7}$

$$\boxed{f^{-1} = \frac{\sqrt[5]{\frac{7x-6}{2}} + 1}{3}}$$

(5) $\log x + \log (x+15) = 2$

$$\log x(x+15) = 2$$

$$10^2 = x(x+15)$$

$$100 = x^2 + 15x$$

$$0 = x^2 + 15x - 100$$

$$0 = (x+20)(x-5)$$

$$x = -20, 5$$

$$\boxed{x = 5}$$

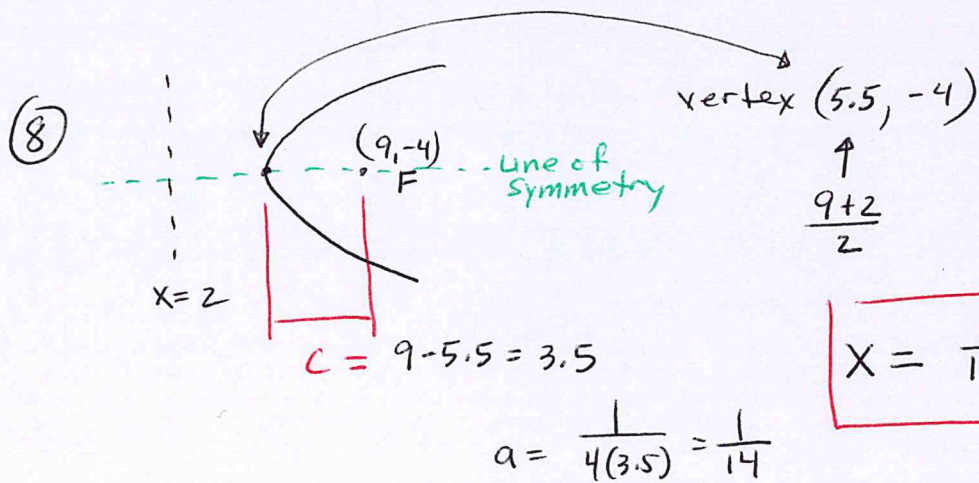
$$\begin{array}{r} -100 \\ 20 \times -5 \\ +15 \end{array}$$

$$(6) \log_2 \left(\frac{W^4 \sqrt{6^5}}{D^8 E^3} \right) = 4 \log_2 W + \frac{5}{2} \log_2 6 - 8 \log_2 D - 3 \log_2 E$$

$$(7) y = 2048 (0.809)^x$$

$\begin{matrix} 80.9 \\ \times 100 \\ \hline 80.9\% \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 80.9 \\ -100 \\ \hline -19.1 \end{matrix}$

19.1% decrease



$$x = \frac{1}{14} (y+4)^2 + 5.5$$

(9)

$\frac{6}{31}$	$\frac{-6}{37}$	$\frac{-12}{49}$	$\frac{36}{67}$	$\dots$	$\frac{144}{91}$	$\frac{-720}{121}$	$\frac{-4320}{157}$
$\wedge$	$\wedge$	$\wedge$	$\wedge$	$\wedge$	$\wedge$	$\wedge$	$\wedge$
$x(-1)$	$x(2)$	$x(-3)$	$x(4)$		$x(-5)$	$x(6)$	
$\vee$	$\vee$	$\vee$	$\vee$	$\vee$	$\vee$	$\vee$	$\vee$
+6	+12	+18	+24		+30	+36	

(10)

$n=$	1	2	3	4	5
	$\frac{0^2}{36}$	$\frac{1^2}{42}$	$\frac{4^2}{48}$	$\frac{9^2}{54}$	$\frac{16^2}{60}$
	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$
	0	1	4	9	16
	36	42	48	54	60

$$a_n = \frac{(n-1)^2}{6(n+5)} \text{ or } \frac{(n-1)^2}{36+6(n-1)}$$

numerators $\rightarrow$ perfect squares
 denominators $\rightarrow$ multiples of 6
 or arithmetic
 sequence $d=6$