

Bellwork Alg 2B Thursday, December 21, 2017

1. Write the explicit formula for this sequence: 22.4, 28.8, 35.2, 41.6, ...

2. Use this information about an Arithmetic Sequence to find the 50th term of the sequence.

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$$a_5 = -35 \qquad a_{11} = -11 \qquad a_{50} =$$

3. Use this information about an Arithmetic Sequence to find the number of terms in the sequence.

$$a_8 = 43 \qquad a_{17} = 70 \qquad \text{the last term is } 124$$

4. Find the missing terms in each Geometric Sequence.

a) 13, \_\_\_\_, 832      b) -8, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, -117128      c) 4, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, 31104

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# Bellwork Answers

Alg 2B Thur 12-21-17

①  $22.4, 28.8, 35.2, 41.6, \dots$

Arithmetic  $d = 6.4$

$$a_n = 22.4 + 6.4(n-1)$$

②  $a_5 = -35$        $a_{11} = -11$

$$\begin{array}{c} | \text{-----} | \\ -11 - -35 = 24 \end{array}$$

$a_5$  to  $a_{11} \rightarrow 6$  jumps

$$d = \frac{24}{6} = 4$$

$$a_1 = a_5 - 4(4) = -35 - 16 = -51$$

explicit formula

$$a_n = -51 + 4(n-1)$$

$$a_{50} = -51 + 4(50-1)$$

$$a_{50} = 145$$

③  $a_8 = 43$        $a_{17} = 70$

$$\begin{array}{c} | \text{-----} | \\ 70 - 43 = 27 \end{array}$$

$a_8$  to  $a_{17} = 9$  jumps

$$d = \frac{27}{9} = 3$$

$$a_1 = a_8 - 7(3) = 43 - 21 = 22$$

explicit formula

$$a_n = 22 + 3(n-1)$$

↓ Replace  $a_n$  with last term and solve for  $n$ .

$$124 = 22 + 3(n-1)$$

$$124 = 22 + 3n - 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 124 = 3n + 19 \\ -19 \quad -19 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{105}{3} = \frac{3n}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} n = 35 \\ = \# \text{ Terms} \end{array}$$

(4)

a)  $13, \frac{\quad}{x}, 832$

$$\frac{x}{13} = \frac{832}{x}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{10816}$$

$$x = \pm 104$$

~~187248~~

(157)

$$\frac{x}{-8} = \frac{-117128}{x}$$

$$x^2 = 937024$$

$$x = \pm 968$$

only neg is possible.

b)

$$-8, \frac{\pm 88}{y}, \frac{-968}{x}, \frac{\pm 10648}{z}, -117128$$

$$\frac{y}{-8} = \frac{-968}{y}$$

$$y^2 = 7744$$

 $y = \pm 88$   
both are possible

$$\frac{z}{-968} = \frac{-117128}{z}$$

$$z^2 = 113379904$$

$$z = \pm 10648$$
  
Both are possible

c)  $4, \_, \_, \_, \_, \_, 31104$

$$4 \cdot r \cdot r \cdot r \cdot r \cdot r = 31104$$

$$\frac{4r^5}{4} = \frac{31104}{4}$$

$$r^5 = 7776$$

$$r = \sqrt[5]{7776} = 6$$
 only +6 because there is only one odd root of a number

$$4, \frac{24}{\times 6}, \frac{144}{\times 6}, \frac{864}{\times 6}, \frac{5184}{\times 6}, 31104$$