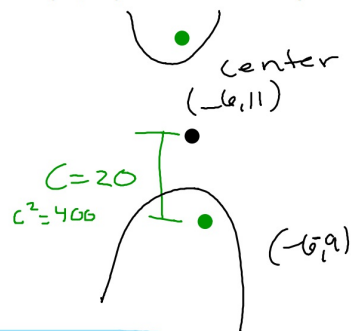


The center is $(-6, 11)$, the Transverse Axis has a length of 24. One Focus is $(-6, -9)$. Write the equation of this Hyperbola.



$$\begin{aligned} 2a &= 24 \\ a &= 12 \\ a^2 &= 144 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\ 400 &= 144 + b^2 \end{aligned}$$

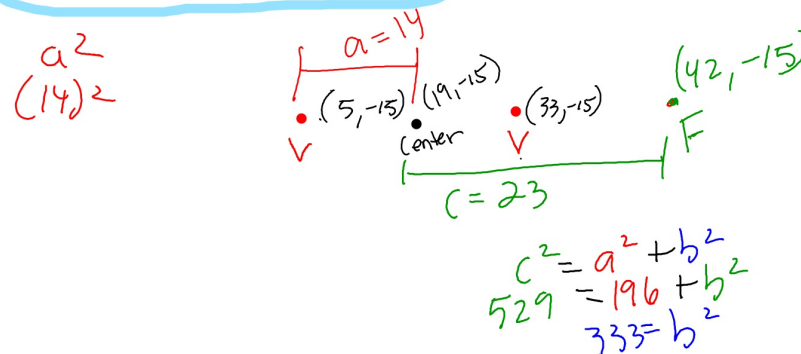
$$256 = b^2$$

$$\frac{(y-11)^2}{144} - \frac{(x+6)^2}{256} = 1$$

The Vertices are $(5, -15)$ and $(33, -15)$ and one Focus is $(42, -15)$. Write the equation of this Hyperbola.

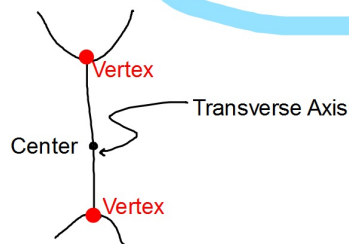
$$\frac{(x-19)^2}{196} - \frac{(y+15)^2}{333} = 1$$

Center
Midpoint of the Vertices:
 $(19, -15)$

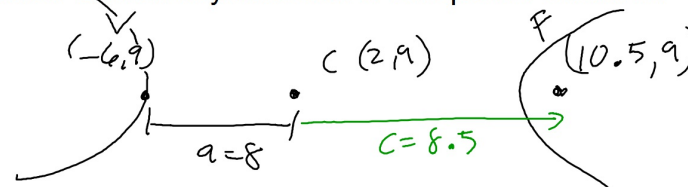


The center is $(-6, 8)$, the slopes of the asymptotes are $\pm \frac{13}{9} \frac{y}{x}$ and the Transverse Axis is vertical. Write the equation of this Hyperbola.

$$\frac{(y-8)^2}{169} - \frac{(x+6)^2}{81} = 1$$



The center is $(2, 9)$, one Vertex is $(-6, 9)$, and one Focus is $(10.5, 9)$. Write the equation of this Hyperbola. Give your answer without any decimals or compound fractions.



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(x-2)^2}{64} - \frac{(y-9)^2}{33/4} &= 1 \\ \frac{(x-2)^2}{64} - \frac{(y-9)^2 \cdot \frac{4}{33}}{1} &= 1 \\ \frac{(x-2)^2}{64} - \frac{4(y-9)^2}{33} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\ 72.25 &= 64 + b^2 \\ 8.25 &= b^2 \\ 8\frac{1}{4} &= b^2 \\ \frac{33}{4} &= b^2 \end{aligned}$$

You can now finish Hwk #26.

Practice Sheet: Translating Hyperbolas.

Due Tomorrow