Bellwork

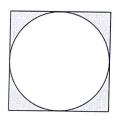
Alg 2B Thursday, November 16, 2017

1. Solve for x.

 $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{b}$ 

2. Find the equation of a line that is perpendicular to the line y = 4x - 3 and passes through (-8, 1).

3. A circle is inscribed in the square below. If the area of the square is 36, find the area of the shaded region. Leave your answer in terms of  $\pi$ .



4. In the xy-plane, the graph of  $y = -(x-1)^2 + 3$  and the circle with center (1,8) and radius of 5 have how many points of intersection?

## Bellwork

Alg 2B

Thursday, November 16, 2017

1. Solve for x.

$$\left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{b}\right) abx$$

$$ab - bx = ax + bx$$

$$ab = ax + bx$$

$$ab = x(a+b)$$

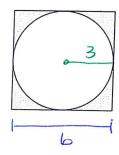
$$a+b$$

$$X = \frac{ab}{a+b}$$

2. Find the equation of a line that is perpendicular to the line y = 4x - 3 and passes through (-8, 1).

eq: point-slope form: 
$$y-1=-\frac{1}{4}(x+5)$$
  
slope-int form:  $y-1=-\frac{1}{4}(x+5)$   
 $y=-\frac{1}{4}x-1$ 

3. A circle is inscribed in the square below. If the area of the square is 36, find the area of the shaded region. Leave your answer in terms of  $\pi$ .

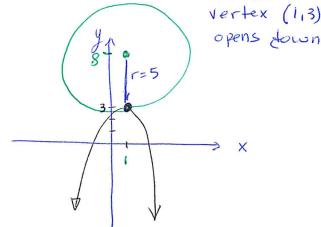


Area of the sg = 36 1 side of the sg = \( \frac{736}{36} = 6

radius of the circle = 3

Area of the circle = T(3)2 = 97

4. In the xy-plane, the graph of  $y = -(x-1)^2 + 3$  and the circle with center (1,8) and radius of 5 have how many points of intersection?



1 point of intersection