

Rationalize each denominator and simplify.  $\wedge$   
variables are posit

$$\frac{12}{\sqrt{g^5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{g}}{\sqrt{g}} = \frac{12\sqrt{g}}{\sqrt{g^6}} = \boxed{\frac{12\sqrt{g}}{g^3}}$$

Rationalize each denominator and simplify.  $\wedge$   
variables are posit

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{m^{11}}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{m}}{\sqrt{m}} = \frac{2\sqrt{m}}{\sqrt{m^{12}}} = \boxed{\frac{2\sqrt{m}}{m^6}}$$

Rationalize each denominator and simplify.  $\wedge$   
variables are posit

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{p}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{p^2}}{\sqrt[3]{p^2}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{p^2}}{p}$$

$\sqrt[3]{p^3}$  →

Rationalize each denominator and simplify.  $\wedge$   
variables are posit

$$\frac{7}{\sqrt[5]{d^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[5]{d^3}}{\sqrt[5]{d^3}} = \frac{7\sqrt[5]{d^3}}{d}$$

$\sqrt[5]{d^5}$  →

Rationalize each denominator and simplify. Assume all variables are positive.

$$\frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{a^{15}}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[6]{a^3}}{\sqrt[6]{a^3}} = \frac{\sqrt[6]{a^3}}{\sqrt[6]{a^{15}}} = \frac{3\sqrt[6]{a^3}}{a^3}$$

What is the smallest quantity can be put in the second radical in order to multiply the two radicals to be able to perform the root of the entire thing.

$$1. \sqrt{3w^5x^9} \cdot \sqrt{3wx} = \sqrt{9w^6x^{10}} = 3w^3x^5$$

$$2. \sqrt{12g^4h^{13}} \cdot \sqrt{3h} = \sqrt{36g^4h^{14}} = 6g^2h^7$$

What is the smallest quantity can be put in the second radical in order to multiply the two radicals to be able to perform the root of the entire thing.

$$3. \sqrt[3]{7c^7d^{11}} \cdot \sqrt[3]{7c^2d} = \sqrt[3]{7^3c^9d^{12}} = 7c^3d^4$$

$$4. \sqrt[3]{36a^5b^{16}} \cdot \sqrt[3]{6ab^2} = \sqrt[3]{6^3a^6b^{18}} = 6a^2b^3$$

Rationalize each denominator and Assume all variables are positive.

$$1. \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ab^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{a^2b}}{\sqrt[3]{a^2b}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a^2b}}{ab}$$

Rationalize each denominator and  
Assume all variables are po

$$2. \frac{9}{\sqrt[4]{c^2 d^3 e}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{c^2 d e^3}}{\sqrt[4]{c^2 d e^3}} = \frac{9 \sqrt[4]{c^2 d e^3}}{\sqrt[4]{c^4 d^4 e^4}} = \frac{9 \sqrt[4]{c^2 d e^3}}{c d e}$$

Rationalize each denominator and  
Assume all variables are po

$$3. \frac{a \sqrt[4]{6b}}{\sqrt[4]{12a^3 b^5 c}} = \frac{a}{\sqrt[4]{2a^3 b^4 c}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{8ac^3}}{\sqrt[4]{8ac^3}}$$

you can  
simplify the  
ratio of the two  
radicals first then  
rationalize.

$$= \frac{a \sqrt[4]{8ac^3}}{2abc} = \frac{\sqrt[4]{8ac^3}}{2bc}$$

Rationalize each denominator and  
Assume all variables are po

$$4. \frac{12j^4 k}{\sqrt[4]{8j^7 k^{17}}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{2j k^3}}{\sqrt[4]{2j k^3}} = \frac{12j^4 k \sqrt[4]{2j k^3}}{2j^2 k^6} = \frac{6j^2 \sqrt[4]{2j k^3}}{k^4}$$

Rationalize each denominator and  
Assume all variables are po

$$5. \frac{48x^{12}y}{\sqrt[5]{4x^{13}y^{21}}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[5]{2^3 x^2 y^4}}{\sqrt[5]{2^3 x^2 y^4}} = \frac{48x^{12}y \sqrt[5]{2^3 x^2 y^4}}{2x^3 y^5}$$

$\sqrt[5]{4x^{13}y^{21}} = \sqrt[5]{2^2 \cdot 2^2 x^{13} y^{21}} = \sqrt[5]{2^4 x^{13} y^{21}} = \sqrt[5]{2^3 \cdot 2 x^{13} y^{21}} = \sqrt[5]{2^3 x^{13} y^{21}}$

$$= \frac{24x^9 \sqrt[5]{2^3 x^2 y^4}}{y^4}$$

Rationalize each denominator and  
Assume all variables are po

$$6. \frac{(5 + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \boxed{\frac{5\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6} - 3}{3}}$$

Rationalize each denominator and  
Assume all variables are po

$$7. \frac{(15 - \sqrt[3]{25}5^2)}{\sqrt[3]{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{5^2}}{\sqrt[3]{5^2}} = \frac{15\sqrt[3]{5^2} - 5\sqrt[3]{5}}{5}$$

$\xrightarrow{\sqrt[3]{5^4}}$   
 $\circlearrowleft 3\sqrt[3]{5^2} - \sqrt[3]{5}$

You can now finish Hv

Sec 7-

Due Tomorrow

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Problems 28, 30, 31, 34, 47, 48, 50.