

Use this Rational Function:

$$y = \frac{x+1}{x^2-9} = \frac{x+1}{(x+3)(x-3)}$$

Find the Vertical Asymptotes
zeros of the denominator

$$x = \pm 3$$

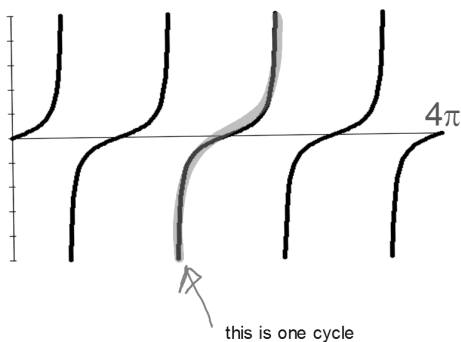
Find the x-intercepts:
zeros of the numerator.

$$x = -1$$

Sec 13-6: The Tangent Function

Graph the function $y = \tan x$

Use this Window: $x: [0, 4\pi]$ $y: [-10, 10]$



What is the period of
the Tangent Function?

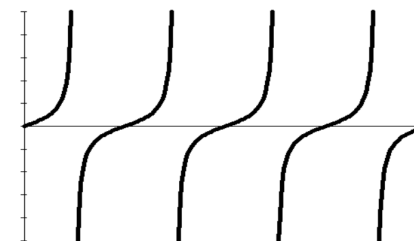
there are 4 cycles from 0 to 4π

$$\text{period} = \frac{4\pi}{4} = \pi$$

Why does the graph of

$y = \tan \theta$ look like this?

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}$$

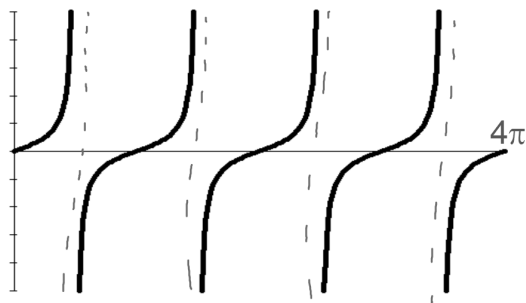


When $y = 0$

$\tan \theta = 0$ and there is an x-intercept

When $x = 0$

$\tan \theta$ is undefined and there is a Vertical Asymptote



$$y = \tan x$$

What are the Vertical Asymptotes?

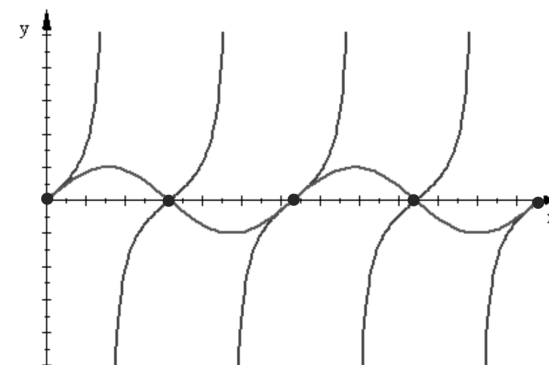
$$\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{2}$$

What are the x-intercepts?

$$0, \pi, 2\pi, 3\pi, 4\pi, \dots$$

VA occur when x is zero and on the unit circle the first time x is zero is the positive y -axis. Since the period of Tangent is π you can add π to the first VA to get the second one then keep adding π to get the remaining VA.

Leave $Y_1 = \tan x$. Graph $Y_2 = \sin x$.

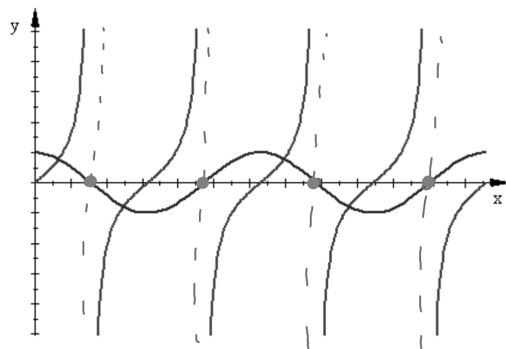


How is the graph of $\tan x$ related to the graph of $\sin x$?

$\tan x$ is zero whenever $\sin x$ is zero.

In other words, $\tan x$ has x-intercepts where ever $\sin x$ has x-intercepts.

Leave $Y_1 = \tan x$. Graph $Y_2 = \cos x$.



How is the graph of $\tan \theta$ related to the graph of $\cos \theta$?

$\tan \theta$ has a VA whenever $\cos \theta$ is zero.

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$y = a \tan(bx) = a \left(\frac{\sin(bx)}{\cos(bx)} \right)$$

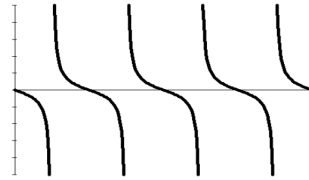
a: If $a < 0$ there is an x-axis reflection

b: The period of $\tan bx = \frac{\pi}{b}$

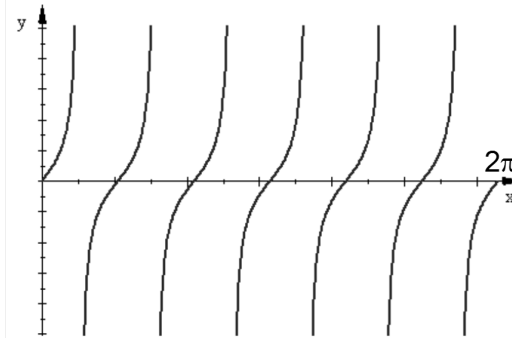
$$b = \frac{\pi}{\text{period}}$$

VA occur wherever $\cos(bx) = 0$

x-int occur wherever $\sin(bx) = 0$



A Tangent function is graphed in the window 0 to 2π .



1. What is the period?

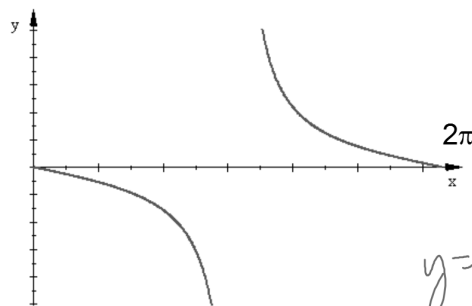
$$\frac{2\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3} \rightarrow b = \frac{\pi}{\frac{\pi}{3}} \Rightarrow 3$$

2. What is the equation of this Tangent Function?

$$y = \tan 3x$$

this graph is like the Parent Function, therefore, a is Positive.

A Tangent function is graphed in the window 0 to 2π .



1. What is the period?

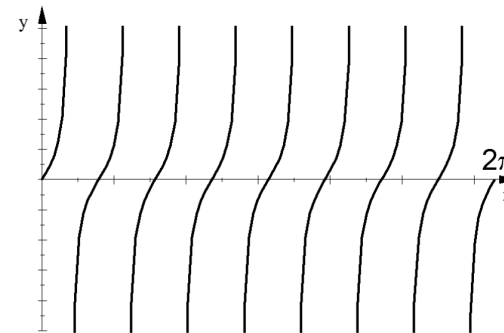
$$\frac{2\pi}{1} = 2\pi \quad b = \frac{\pi}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

2. What is the equation of this Tangent Function?

$$y = -\tan \frac{x}{2}$$

this graph is upside down, therefore, a is negative.

A Tangent function is graphed in the window 0 to 2π .



1. What is the period?

$$\frac{2\pi}{8} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

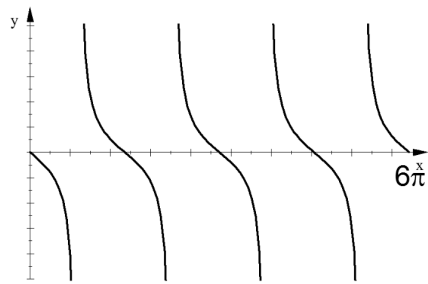
$$b = \frac{\pi}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = \pi \cdot \frac{4}{\pi} = 4$$

2. What is the equation of this Tangent Function?

$$y = \tan 4x$$

this graph is like the Parent Function, therefore, a is Positive.

A Tangent function is graphed in the window 0 to 6π .



1. What is the period?

$$\frac{6\pi}{4} = \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

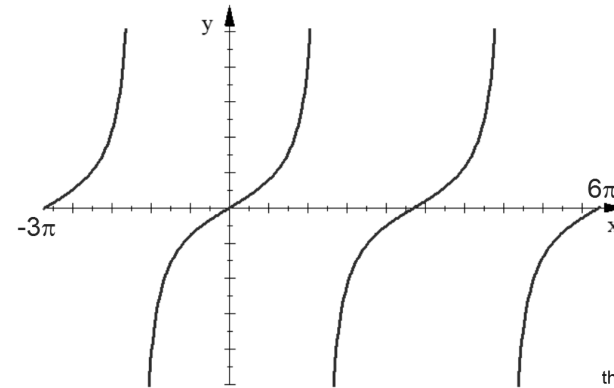
$$b = \frac{\pi}{\frac{3\pi}{2}} = \pi \cdot \frac{2}{3\pi} = \frac{2}{3}$$

2. What is the equation of this Tangent Function?

$$y = -\tan \frac{2x}{3}$$

this graph is upside down, therefore, a is negative.

Write the equation of this Tangent Function



period

$$\frac{9\pi}{3} = 3\pi$$

$$b = \frac{\pi}{3\pi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$y = \tan \frac{x}{3}$$

this graph is like the Parent Function, therefore, a is Positive.

You can now complete Homework #35

Sec 13-6

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Problems 9,10, 23,24, 38-40

For 23 & 24 just find the period