

Bellwork Wednesday, April 12, 2017 ALG 2A

Find the maximum value or minimum value of each function.

1. $y = -.25x^2 + 13x - 17$

2. $f(x) = 4(x - 7)^2 + 31$

Factor each completely.

3. $16x^3 - 32x^2 - 84x$

4. $28x^5 - 343x^3$

5. $3x^4 - 15x^2 + 12$

6. $2x^4 - 15x^2 - 27$

Bellwork Wednesday, April 12, 2017

Find the maximum value or minimum value of each function.

1. $y = -.25x^2 + 13x - 17$

2. $f(x) = 4(x - 7)^2 + 31$

Factor each completely.

3. $16x^3 - 32x^2 - 84x$

4. $28x^5 - 343x^3$

5. $3x^4 - 15x^2 + 12$

6. $2x^4 - 15x^2 - 27$

The max/min value of a quadratic is the y-coordinate of the vertex. This is what the function equals at either its highest or lowest point.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y = -0.25x^2 + 13x - 17$$

parabola opens down, therefore,

$$\text{LOS: } x = \frac{-13}{2(-.25)} = 26$$

$$\text{Vertex: } (26, 152)$$

$$\uparrow \\ -.25(26)^2 + 13(26) - 17$$

Max value of
this function is
152

$$\textcircled{2} \quad y = 4(x-7)^2 + 31 \rightarrow \text{Vertex is } (7, 31)$$

this parabola opens up, therefore, the
minimum value of this function is 31

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 16x^3 - 32x^2 - 84x \\ = 4x(4x^2 - 8x - 21)$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} \begin{array}{c} -84 \\ -14 \\ -8 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 2x \quad -7 \\ 4x^2 \quad -14x \\ +6x \quad -21 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$= 4x(2x-7)(2x+3)$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 28x^5 - 343x^3 \\ = 7x^3(4x^2 - 49) \\ = 7x^3(2x+7)(2x-7)$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 3x^4 - 15x^2 + 12$$

$$= 3(x^4 - 5x^2 + 4)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ -1 \quad -4 \\ -5 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} x^2 \quad -1 \\ \hline x^2 \quad x^4 \quad -x^2 \\ -4 \quad -4x^2 \quad +4 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$= 3(x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 4)$$

$$= \boxed{3(x \pm 1)(x \pm 2)}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 2x^4 - 15x^2 + 27$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} -54 \\ -18 \quad +3 \\ -15 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} x^2 \quad -9 \\ \hline 2x^2 \quad 2x^4 \quad -18x^2 \\ +3 \quad +3x^2 \quad -27 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$= (x^2 - 9)(2x^2 + 3)$$

$$= \boxed{(x \pm 3)(2x^2 + 3)}$$