

Bellwork Hon Alg 2 Tuesday, January 24, 2017

1. For each quadratic find the equation for the LOS, the coordinates of the Vertex, the y-intercept, and tell if the parabola has a Max or a Min.

a) $y = -2x^2 - 12x - 11$ b) $y = 8x^2 + 15$ c) $y = -3x^2 + 24x$ d) $y = -6(x + 1)^2 - 13$

2. Find each product: a) $(4 + 7i)(4 - 7i)$ b) $(3 - 2i)(5 + 6i)$

3. Without actually solving the system of equations state the number of solutions: One, None, or Many

a) $y = 4x - 3$ b) $y = -2x + 5$ c) $y = 3x - 10$ d) $y = 3$
 $12x - 3y = 9$ $4x - 8y = 24$ $6x - 2y = 12$ $6x - 2y = 18$

4. Solve each system of equations using any method you wish. You must be able to use each method at least once. Give your answer as an ordered pair or triple.

Methods are: Elimination, Substitution, & Matrices.

When using matrices state the coefficient matrix (A) and constant matrix (B).

| a) | b) | c) | d) |
|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------|
| $y = -2.79x + 13.427$ | $x + y = 14$ | $8M + 12N = 60$ | $4x + 3z = -64$ |
| $2.4x + 110y = 1078.075$ | $2x - 6y = 4$ | $12M + 18N = 36$ | $19y + 7z - x = -23$ |
| | | | $-4z - 8y = 40$ |

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Hon ALG 2 BELLWORK 1-24-17

ANSWERS

- (1) a) LOS: $x = \frac{12}{-4} = -3$ Vertex $(-3, 7)$ $y\text{-int} = -11$ Max
- b) LOS: $x = \frac{0}{16} = 0$ Vertex $(0, 15)$ $y\text{-int} = 15$ MIN
- c) LOS: $x = \frac{-24}{-6} = 4$ Vertex $(4, 48)$ $y\text{-int} = 0$ MAX
- d) LOS: $x = -1$ Vertex $(-1, -13)$ $y\text{-int} = -19$ Max

- (3) a) $y = 4x - 3$
 $12x - 3y = 9 \rightarrow y = \frac{9 - 12x}{-3} = -3 + 4x$ same line
 Many solutions
- b) $y = -2x + 5$
 $4x - 8y = 24 \rightarrow y = \frac{24 - 4x}{-8} = -3 + \frac{1}{2}x$ different slopes
 1 sol
- c) $y = 3x - 10$
 $6x - 2y = 12 \rightarrow y = \frac{12 - 6x}{-2} = -6 + 3x$ parallel lines
 No solution
- d) $y = 3 \rightarrow$ Horizontal Line
 $6x - 2y = 18 \rightarrow$ Not Horizontal
 1 sol

- (4) a) Matrices

$$\begin{matrix} A \\ \begin{bmatrix} 2.79 & 1 \\ 2.4 & 110 \end{bmatrix} \\ 2 \times 2 \end{matrix} X = \begin{matrix} B \\ \begin{bmatrix} 13.427 \\ 1078.075 \end{bmatrix} \\ 2 \times 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1.31 \\ 9.7721 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow (1.31, 9.7721)$$

② a) $(4+7i)(4-7i) \rightarrow a^2 + b^2 = 4^2 + 7^2$
 $= 16 + 49 = 65$

| | | |
|-----|------|----------------------------|
| | 4 | +7i |
| 4 | 16 | +28i |
| -7i | -28i | -49i ² = +49 |

 $= 16 + 49 = 65$

b) $(3-2i)(5+6i)$

| | | |
|-----|------|----------------------------|
| | 3 | -2i |
| 5 | 15 | -10i |
| +6i | +18i | -12i ² = +12 |

 $= 27 + 8i$

④ b) Substitution $x+y=14 \rightarrow y=14-x$
 $2x-6y=4$

$$(11, 3)$$

$$2x - 6(14-x) = 4$$

$$2x - 84 + 6x = 4$$

$$8x - 84 = 4$$

$$8x = 88$$

$$x = 11$$

$$y = 14 - x = 14 - 11$$

$$y = 3$$

c) ELIMINATION

$$\begin{aligned} 3(8M + 12N &= 60) \rightarrow \\ 2(12M + 18N &= 36) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 24M + 36N &= 180 \\ - 24M + 36N &= 72 \end{aligned}$$

$$0 = 108 \quad \text{NOT TRUE}$$

NO SOLUTION

d) Matrices

$$\begin{matrix} A \\ \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & 19 & 7 \\ 0 & -8 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \\ 3 \times 3 \end{matrix} X = \begin{matrix} B \\ \begin{bmatrix} -64 \\ -23 \\ 40 \end{bmatrix} \\ 3 \times 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 \\ -13 \\ 16 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 11 \\ -32 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(8, 11, -32)$$