







 $Log_{4}100 = x$  $\frac{Log100}{Log4} = x$  $\frac{3}{32} \approx x$ 



Solve:  $20(3)^{\times} = 450$   $3^{\times} = 22.5$   $\log_{3} 22.5 = X$   $\log_{3} 22.5 = 2.83$  $\log_{3} 3$  Solve. 35 - 4<sup>x</sup> = 17 -35 - 35  $-\frac{4^{x}}{-1} = -\frac{18}{-1}$   $4^{x} = 18$   $|\sigma_{34}|^{8} = x$  $\frac{10518}{109^{4}} = x \rightarrow 2.08$ 



Solve:  $Log_{9}(2x-1) = 3$   $q^{-3} = 2x - 1$  72q = 2x - 1 1 + 1 + 1 230 - 2x365 - X

The value of a house has been decreasing 7.5% each year. The house was worth \$180,000 in 2001. UOU - 7.5 = 92.5In how many years will the value first b = .925. In how many years will the value first b = .925. 45,000=180,000(0.925)<sup>X</sup> (80,000 (80,000) .25 = .925<sup>X</sup>  $105.925^{X} = .725^{X}$   $105.925 = .725^{X}$ 105.925 = .728 yrs You invest \$20,000 in an account that pays 9% annual interest.

How many years, to the nearest hundredth, will it take to double your investment?

$$\frac{100+9}{2000} = 109\%$$

$$\frac{2000}{2000} (1.09)^{X} = \frac{40,000}{20000}$$

$$\frac{1.09^{X}}{20000} = 2$$

$$\frac{109}{1.09} = -X = -\frac{8.04475}{1091.09}$$

The population of a city in 2005 was 342,700. The population has been increasing 3.92% each year. In how many years, rounded to the nearest hundredth, will the population reach 1,000,000?

$$\frac{100 + 3.92}{103.92 \cdot 1.}$$

$$\frac{342,700}{342,700} = \frac{1,000,000}{342,700}$$

$$\frac{1000,000}{1.0392} = \frac{1,000,000}{342,700}$$

$$\frac{1000,000}{109}$$

$$\frac{1000,000}{342,700}$$

$$\chi = 27.85$$

You can now finish Hwk #35.

Sec 8-5

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Problems 3, 4, 10, 11, 23, 24, 30, 31, 37, 40