

# Algebra 2 Bellwork Monday, February 1, 2016

Solve each equation.

$$1. \frac{2x}{9} + \frac{7}{6} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$2. \frac{4x}{x+1} = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$3. \frac{2x}{5} = \frac{8}{x+1}$$

**Answers**

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Solve each equation.

$$1. 18\left(\frac{2x}{9} + \frac{7}{6}\right) = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)18$$

LCM of 9, 6, 3  
is 18

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 21 = 30 \\ -21 \quad -21 \\ \hline 4x = 9 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{9}{4}}$$

$$2. \frac{4x}{x+1} = \frac{3}{7}$$

cross multiply

$$7(4x) = 3(x+1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28x = 3x + 3 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline 25x = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{25x}{25} = \frac{3}{25}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{3}{25}}$$

$$3. \frac{2x}{5} = \frac{8}{x+1}$$

cross multiply

$$2x(x+1) = 8 \cdot 5$$

$$2x^2 + 2x = 40$$

$$2x^2 + 2x - 40 = 0$$

$$2(x^2 + x - 20) = 0$$

$$2(x+5)(x-4) = 0$$

$$\boxed{x = -5, 4}$$