

Find all Complex Solutions (real and imaginary).

1. $3x^2 + 70 = 22$

2. $6 - 2x^2 = 96$

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 $-70 \quad -70$

$$\frac{3x^2}{3} = \frac{-48}{3}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{-16}$$

$$x = \pm 4i$$

2. $6 - 2x^2 = 96$
 $-6 \quad -6$

$$\frac{-2x^2}{-2} = \frac{90}{-2}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{-45} = \pm i \sqrt{45}$$

$$x = \pm 3i\sqrt{5}$$

Find ALL solutions.

3. $(x + 7)^2 - 38 = -13$
 $+38 \quad +38$

$$\sqrt{(x+7)^2} = \sqrt{25}$$

$$x+7 = \pm 5$$
$$\begin{array}{l} +5 - 7 = -2 \\ -5 - 7 = -12 \end{array}$$

$$x = -12, -2$$

Complex solutions when using the Quadratic Formula

Find ALL solutions

$$x^2 - 6x + 25 = 0 \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{6 \pm \sqrt{6^2 - 4(1)(25)}}{2} \quad \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{-64}}{2}$$
$$\frac{6 \pm 8i}{2} = 3 \pm 4i$$

Find ALL solutions

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$4x^2 - 4x + 13 = 0 \quad \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4(4)(13)}}{2(4)}$$
$$\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 208}}{8} \quad \frac{4 \pm 8i\sqrt{3}}{8} \quad \frac{1 \pm 2i\sqrt{3}}{2} = x$$

Find ALL solutions

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x^2 - 3x + 11 = 0$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = -35$$
$$\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{-35}}{2} = \frac{3 \pm i\sqrt{35}}{2}$$

You can now do Hwk #24

Page 278 #'s 41, 43-45

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Due Monday

Solve by completing the square.

$$x^2 - 6x + 32 = 0$$

$-32 \quad -32$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 = -32 + 9$$

1st find half of b
2nd square this and add to both sides

$$(x - 3)^2$$

Now solve using square roots

$$\sqrt{(x - 3)^2} = \sqrt{-23}$$

$$x - 3 = \pm \sqrt{23}$$

$+3 \quad +3$

$$x = 3 \pm \sqrt{23}$$