

Algebra 2

Chapter 7 Review

Fall 2015

1. Simplify. Use absolute value symbols as needed.

a) $\sqrt{24a^6b^{13}c^{23}}$ b) $\sqrt[3]{-8m^{14}n^{21}}$ c) $\sqrt[6]{g^{33}h^{49}}$

2. Simplify each. Assume that all variables are positive numbers.

a) $5\sqrt{7} + 3\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{63}$ b) $\sqrt{10x^9y^7} \cdot \sqrt{15xy^{10}}$ c) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{48a^{15}b^4}}{\sqrt[3]{6a^2b^{10}}}$ d) $(7 + 3\sqrt{3})(5 - 4\sqrt{3})$
e) $(8 - \sqrt{7})(8 + \sqrt{7})$ f) $\frac{\sqrt{21m^{17}n^5}}{\sqrt{12m^6n^{13}}}$ g) $\sqrt[3]{4a^7b} \cdot \sqrt[3]{14a^9b^{11}}$

3. Rationalize each denominator and simplify. Assume all variables are positive numbers.

a) $\frac{12Q^4R^2}{\sqrt{3Q^5R^3}}$ b) $\frac{14a^2b}{\sqrt[3]{2a^{10}b^8}}$ c) $\frac{8}{4 + \sqrt{6}}$ d) $\frac{14m^3}{\sqrt[3]{6m^2n^{13}}}$

4. Rewrite in radical form. a) $a^{\frac{2}{3}}$ b) $6m^{\frac{9}{2}}$ 5. Rewrite in exponential form. a) $\sqrt[8]{e^5}$ b) $\sqrt[3]{5c}$

6. Simplify each. Assume that all variables are positive numbers.

a) $(5w^{\frac{-7}{2}})^4$ b) $(8m^9)^{\frac{-2}{3}}$

7. Solve each radical equation. Check for extraneous solutions.

a) $\sqrt[3]{2x-7} = \sqrt[3]{x+4}$ b) $5\sqrt{x-7} - 4 = 6$ c) $3(x+1)^{\frac{3}{5}} = 24$

d) $\sqrt{3x-2} - x = 0$ e) $\sqrt{2x+19} - 2 = x$

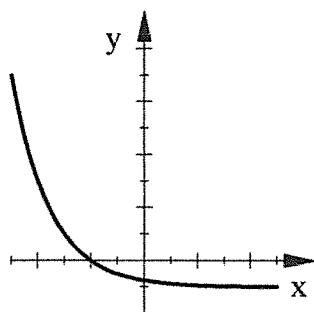
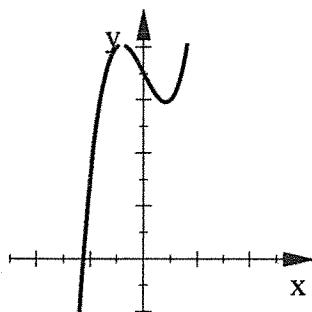
8. Write the equation of the inverse relation for each function.

a) $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 3}{5}$ b) $y = -3x + 1$ c) $y = -7\sqrt[3]{x-4} + 6$ d) $y = 9\left(\frac{5x-1}{8}\right)^3$

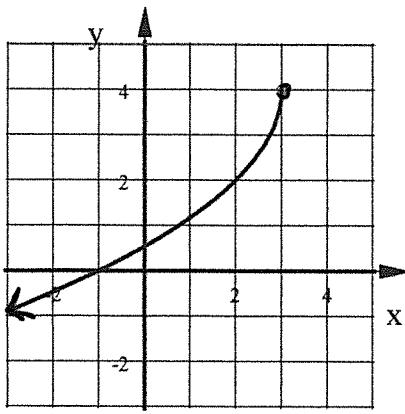
9. Tell if the inverse relation of each is a function or not.

a) $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 7$ b) $y = (x-1)^4 + 5$

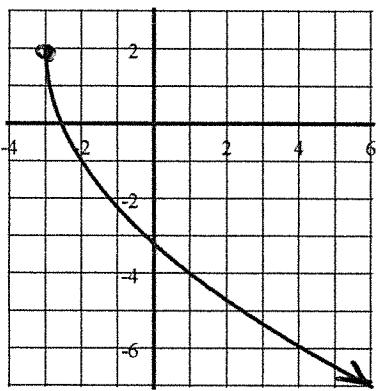
c) Use the graph below d) Use the graph below



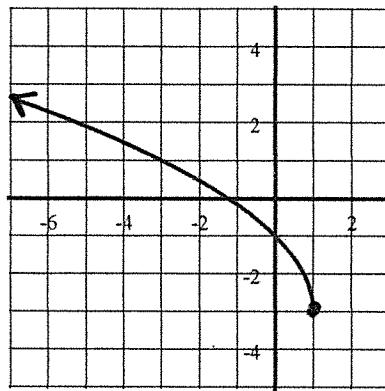
10. Write the equation of each square root function.



a)



b)



c)

11. Graph each square root function.

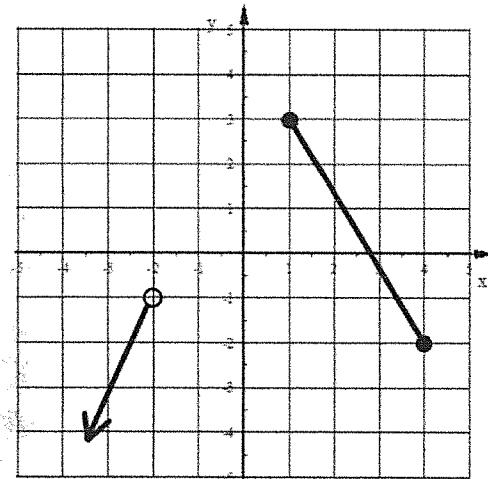
a) $y = -\sqrt{x} + 2$

b) $y = 2\sqrt{x+4} - 3$

c) $y = -\sqrt{-(x-3)} + 1$

d) $y = 3\sqrt{-(x-2)}$

12. State the Domain and Range of the inverse relation to the graph shown below.



Algebra 2

Chapter Review

ANSWERS

Fall 2015

1. a) $2|a^3| \cdot b^6 \cdot |c^{11}| \cdot \sqrt{6bc}$ b) $-2m^4n^7\sqrt[3]{m^2}$ c) $|g^5| \cdot h^8\sqrt{g^3h}$

2 a) $2\sqrt{7}$ b) $5x^5y^8\sqrt{6y}$ c) $\frac{2a^4\sqrt[3]{a}}{b^2}$ d) $-1 - 13\sqrt{3}$ e) 57

f) $\frac{m^5\sqrt{7m}}{2n^4}$ g) $2a^5b^4\sqrt[3]{7a}$

3. a) $4Q\sqrt{3QR}$ b) $\frac{7\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}}{a^2b^2}$ c) $\frac{16 - 4\sqrt{6}}{5}$ d) $\frac{7m^2\sqrt[6]{6^5m^4n^5}}{3n^3}$

4. a) $\sqrt[3]{a^2}$ or $(\sqrt[3]{a})^2$ b) $6\sqrt{m^9}$ or $6(\sqrt{m})^9$

5. a) $e^{\frac{5}{8}}$

b) $(5c)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

6. a) $\frac{625}{w^{14}}$

b) $\frac{1}{4m^6}$

7. a)
- $x = 11$
- b)
- $x = 11$
- c)
- $x = 31$
- d)
- $x = 1,2$
- e)
- $x = 3$

8. a) $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{5x+3}{2}}$

b) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-1}{-3}$

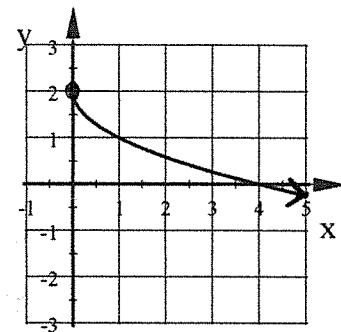
c) $f^{-1}(x) = \left(\frac{x-6}{-7}\right)^5 + 4$

d) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{8 \cdot \sqrt[3]{\frac{x}{9}} + 1}{5}$

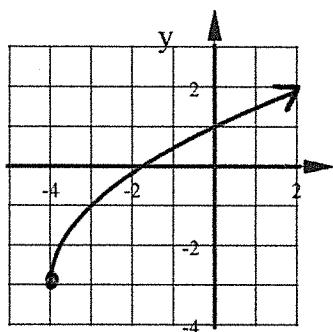
9. a) Yes b) No c) No d) Yes

10. a) $y = -2\sqrt{-(x-3)} + 4$ b) $y = -3\sqrt{x+3} + 2$ c) $y = 2\sqrt{-(x-1)} - 3$

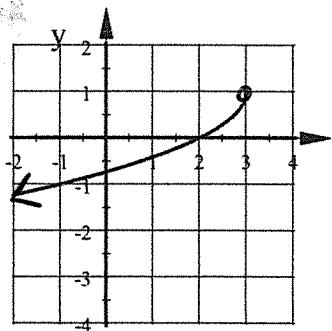
11. a)



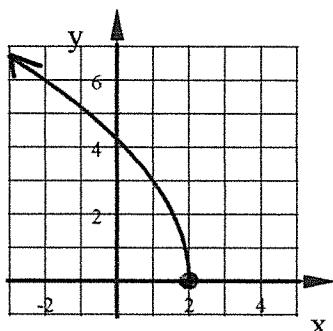
b)



c)



d)

12. Domain of the inverse: $x \leq 3$ Range of the inverse: $y < -2, 1 \leq y \leq 4$