

Solve each radical equation. Check your solutions.

1.  $8\sqrt{2x-1} + 9 = 33$

2.  $10 - \sqrt[3]{x+7} = 13$

3.  $\sqrt{3x+13} - 5 = x$

4.  $\sqrt{24-4x} + 3 = x$

Solve each radical equation. Check your solutions.

1.  $8\sqrt{2x-1} + 9 = 33$   
 $\quad \quad \quad -9 \quad -9$

$\frac{8\sqrt{2x-1}}{8} = \frac{24}{8}$

$(\sqrt{2x-1})^2 = (3)^2$

$2x-1 = 9$   
 $\quad +1 \quad +1$

$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$

$x=5$

2.  $10 - \sqrt[3]{x+7} = 13$   
 $\quad \quad \quad -10 \quad \quad -10$

$-\frac{\sqrt[3]{x+7}}{-1} = \frac{3}{-1}$

$(\sqrt[3]{x+7})^3 = (-3)^3$

$\frac{x+7}{-7} = \frac{-27}{-7}$

$x = -34$

3.  $\sqrt{3x+13} - 5 = x$   
 $\quad \quad \quad +5 \quad +5$

$(\sqrt{3x+13})^2 = (x+5)^2$

$3x+13 = x^2+10x+25$   
 $\quad -13 \quad \quad -13$

$3x = x^2+10x+12$   
 $\quad -3x \quad \quad -3x$

$0 = x^2 + 7x + 12$

$0 = (x+3)(x+4)$

$x = -3, -4$

4.  $\sqrt{24-4x} + 3 = x$   
 $\quad \quad \quad -3 \quad -3$

$(\sqrt{24-4x})^2 = (x-3)^2$

$24-4x = x^2-6x+9$   
 $\quad -24 \quad \quad -24$

$-4x = x^2-6x-15$   
 $\quad +4x \quad \quad +4x$

$0 = x^2 - 2x - 15$

$0 = (x-5)(x+3)$

$x = 5, -3$

$x = 5$