$$y = \frac{a}{x}$$

a is pos:

Branches are in Quadrants I and III

a is neg:

Branches are in Quadrants II and IV

a is large:

Branches are pushed further from the origin

a is small:

Branches are brought closer to the origin

Transformations of the Parent Function

$$y = \frac{a}{x - h} + k$$

a > 0

Branches in Quadrants I and III a < 0

Branches in Quadrants Translation
Il and IV VA: x = h
(x-axis reflection)

 \overline{k} :

h:

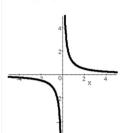
Vertical Translation HA: y = k

Vertical Shrink
Branches closer to the origin

a > 1

Vertical Stretch Branches further from origin

Asymptotes for the Reciprocal Function:

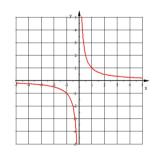


$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

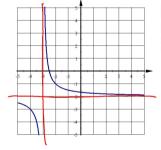
Horizontal Asymptote: the x-axis y = 0

Vertical Asymptote: the y-axis x = 0

Parent Function: $y = \frac{1}{x}$



Describe the translations of the Parent Function that have created the graph shown below:



3 units left and 2 units down

$$y = \frac{1}{r}$$
 was translated

3 units left and 2 units down.

Write the equations of the asymptotes.

HA:

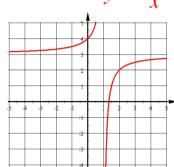
$$X = -3$$
 $Y = -2$

Write the equation of this function

$$y = \frac{a}{x - h} + k$$

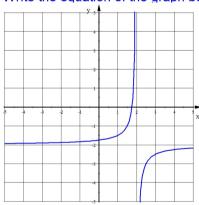
$$y = \frac{1}{X+3} - 2$$

The function below is a translation of $y = \frac{1}{x}$



Write the equations of the asymptotes.

Write the equation of the graph below which is a tranformation of $y = \frac{0.5}{x}$



$$X = Z \quad Y = -2$$
 $Y = \frac{-.5}{X-2} - 2$

