Sec 3-2

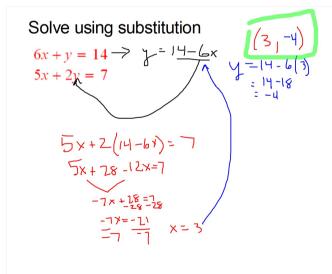
variables

Solving systems of equations using Algebra:

Substitution

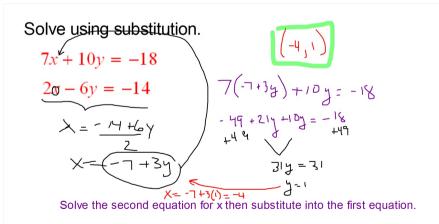
Elimination

Best if at least one equation is already solved for one of its Best if both equations are in Standard Form



1. y = (2x+4) y = (-3x+7) y = (-3x+7)

Solve each system of equations.



Solve this system of equations using Substitution:

$$y = 3x - 5$$
 $18x - 6y = -24$
 $18x - 6(3x - 5)$
 $18x - 18x + 30 = -24$
 $30 = -24$

Would you try to solve this system of linear equations with substitution?

$$6x + 7y = 106$$
$$3x - 5y = -32$$

Probably not because to solve either equation for one of its variables would introduce fractions to the problem

Solve this system of equations using Substitution:

Together you and I have \$227. You have one less than twice as much as I do. Write and solve a system of equations to find out how much money each of us has.

$$Y = \frac{1}{3}$$
 You have $Y = 2I - 1$
 $I = \frac{1}{3}$ I have $Y = 2I - 1$
 $ZI - 1 + I = 221$
 $ZI - 1 + I = 221$
 $ZI - 1 = 221$
 $ZI - 1 = 221$
 $ZI - 1 = 221$

Solving by Elimination:

- When you add or subtract the two equations and one of the variables is eliminated thus allowing you to solve for the other variable.
- Sometimes you need to multiply one or both of the equations by a constant in order to eliminate a variable.

Solve each system of equations using Elimination.

1. 2.
$$4A + 9B = 37$$
 $6P + 8Q = 54$ $-7A + 9B = 31$ $+-6P + 7Q = 36$

Subtract the equations to eliminate B.

Add the equations to eliminate P.

3. 4.
$$9C + 12D = 21$$
 $2(6M - 7N = 86)$ $3(10C + 4D = -14)$ $1(4M + 3N = -4)$

Multiply the second equation by 3 then subtract to eliminate D.

Multiply the top equation by 2 and the bottom equation by 3 then subtract to eliminate M.

5.
$$3(10X - 14Y = 44)$$

$$2(15X - 21Y = 66)$$

$$30x - 42y = 132$$

$$-30x - 42y = 132$$

$$0 = 0$$

In your piggy bank there is only dimes and quarters. You counted a total of 40 coins and there is is \$7.30. Write and solve a system of equations to find the number of each kind of coin.

$$D = \# \text{ Dimes}$$

$$Q = \# \text{ OTRS}$$

$$.IN(D + Q = 40)$$

$$.IND + .25Q = 7.50$$

$$- .10D + .10Q = 4$$

$$22 \text{ Quarters}$$

$$18 \text{ Dimes}$$

$$Q = 22$$

Hwk #11 Pages 128-129 Problems 4, 8, 14, 21, 22, 33, 37, 41, 45, 46

Due on Thursday