

Sec 3-2

Solving systems of equations using Algebra:

Substitution

Best if at least one equation is already solved for one of its variables

Elimination

Best if both equations are in Standard Form

Solve each system of equations.

1. $\begin{cases} y = 2x + 4 \\ y = -3x - 31 \end{cases}$ $\boxed{(-7, -10)}$

$$y = 2x + 4$$

$$y = -3x - 31$$

$$2x + 4 = -3x - 31$$

$$+3x \quad +3x$$

$$5x = -35$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{-35}{5}$$

$$x = -7$$

$$y = 2(-7) + 4$$

$$y = -14 + 4$$

$$y = -10$$

2. $\begin{cases} y = -3x + 7 \\ 4x - 5y = 22 \end{cases}$ $\boxed{(3, -2)}$

$$y = -3x + 7$$

$$4x - 5y = 22$$

$$4x - 5(-3x + 7) = 22$$

$$4x + 15x - 35 = 22$$

$$+35 \quad +35$$

$$19x = 57$$

$$x = 3$$

$$y = -3(3) + 7$$

$$y = -9 + 7$$

$$y = -2$$

Solve using substitution

$$\begin{cases} 6x + y = 14 \\ 5x + 2y = 7 \end{cases}$$

$$y = 14 - 6x$$

$$5x + 2(14 - 6x) = 7$$

$$5x + 28 - 12x = 7$$

$$-7x + 28 = 7$$

$$-7x = -21$$

$$\frac{-7x}{-7} = \frac{-21}{-7}$$

$$x = 3$$

$$y = 14 - 6(3)$$

$$y = 14 - 18$$

$$y = -4$$

$$\boxed{(3, -4)}$$

Solve using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} 7x + 10y = -18 \\ 2x - 6y = -14 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \frac{-14 + 6y}{2}$$

$$x = -7 + 3y$$

$$7(-7 + 3y) + 10y = -18$$

$$-49 + 21y + 10y = -18$$

$$+49 \quad +49$$

$$31y = 31$$

$$y = 1$$

$$x = -7 + 3(1) = -4$$

$$\boxed{(-4, 1)}$$

Solve the second equation for x then substitute into the first equation.

Solve this system of equations using Substitution:

$$y = 3x - 5$$

$$18x - 6y = -24$$

NO SOL

$$18x - 6(3x - 5)$$

$$18x - 18x + 30 = -24$$

$$30 = -24$$

Solve this system of equations using Substitution:

$$y = -2x + 3$$

$$10x + 5y = 15$$

The solution to this system of equations would be: **Many Solutions**

$$15 = 15$$

Would you try to solve this system of linear equations with substitution?

$$6x + 7y = 106$$

$$3x - 5y = -32$$

Probably not because to solve either equation for one of its variables would introduce fractions to the problem

Together you and I have \$227. You have one less than twice as much as I do. Write and solve a system of equations to find out how much money each of us has.

$Y = \$$ you have
 $I = \$$ I have

$$Y = 2I - 1$$

$$Y + I = 227$$

$$2I - 1 + I = 227$$

$$3I - 1 = 227$$

$$Y = \$151$$

$$I = \$76$$

Solving by Elimination:

- When you add or subtract the two equations and one of the variables is eliminated thus allowing you to solve for the other variable.
- Sometimes you need to multiply one or both of the equations by a constant in order to eliminate a variable.

Solve each system of equations using Elimination.

1.

$$4A + 9B = 37$$

$$- 7A + 9B = 31$$

Subtract the equations to
eliminate B.

2.

$$6P + 8Q = 54$$

$$+ -6P + 7Q = 36$$

Add the equations to
eliminate P.

3.

$$9C + 12D = 21$$

$$3(10C + 4D = -14)$$

Multiply the second
equation by 3 then subtract
to eliminate D.

4.

$$2(6M - 7N = 86)$$

$$1(4M + 3N = -4)$$

Multiply the top equation by 2
and the bottom equation by 3
then subtract to eliminate M.

5.

$$3(10X - 14Y = 44)$$

$$2(15X - 21Y = 66)$$

$$30x - 42y = 132$$

$$- 30x - 42y = 132$$

$$0 = 0$$

MANY SOLUTIONS

In your piggy bank there is only dimes and quarters. You counted a total of 40 coins and there is \$7.30. Write and solve a system of equations to find the number of each kind of coin.

$D = \# \text{ dimes}$
 $Q = \# \text{ quarters}$

$$.10(D + Q) = 40$$

$$.10D + .25Q = 7.30$$

$$- .10D + .10Q = 4$$

22 quarters
 18 dimes

$$\begin{array}{r} .15Q = 3.30 \\ \underline{.15} \quad \underline{.15} \\ Q = 22 \end{array}$$

Hwk #11

Pages 128-129

Problems 4, 8, 14, 21, 22, 33, 37, 41, 45, 46

Due on Thursday