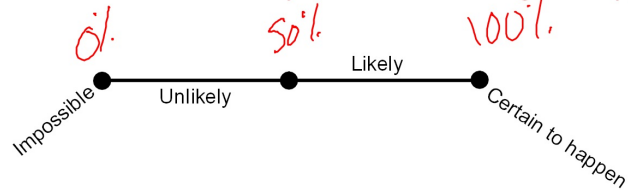


Probability:

The measure of how likely it is that something will happen



Probability can be given as:

a ratio

a decimal

a percent

Experimental Probability

$$P(\text{event}) = \frac{\text{\# times event occurs}}{\text{\# of trials}}$$

Theoretical Probability

Sample Space: Set of all possible outcomes

$$P(\text{event}) = \frac{\text{\# favorable outcomes}}{\text{sample space}}$$

Experimental or Theoretical Probability?

Notes

1. In a bag there are the following colored marbles:

20 red 15 blue 30 yellow 5 green

You will pull out one marble at random.

Find each probability as a fraction.

(a) $P(\text{green}) = \frac{5}{70}$

(b) $P(\text{not yellow}) = \frac{40}{70}$

(c) $P(\text{Red or Blue}) = \frac{35}{70}$
 $20 + 15$

Experimental or Theoretical Probability?

2. The numbers from 1 to 20 are written on pieces of paper and placed into a hat.

You will pull one out at random.

Find each probability as a percent to the nearest hundredth.

(a) $P(\text{multiple of 3}) = \frac{6}{20} = 30\%$

(b) $P(\text{factor of 16}) = \frac{5}{20} = 25\%$

(c) $P(\text{\# less than 5}) = \frac{4}{20} = 20\%$

(d) $P(\text{Factor of 12 and Prime})$

$\frac{2}{20} = 10\%$

1 16
2 8
4

Experimental or Theoretical Probability?

3. Use the results of the survey of people's favorite television network.

You will select a person at random. Find each probability as a fraction.

	ABC	NBC	Fox	CBS	total
male	12	8	15	5	40
female	9	14	10	7	40
total	21	22	25	12	80

(a) $P(\text{Male}) = \frac{40}{80}$ (b) $P(\text{likes CBS}) = \frac{12}{80}$

(c) $P(\text{likes NBC and is female}) = \frac{14}{80}$

(d) $P(\text{likes Fox or is a male}) = \frac{50}{80}$

Experimental or Theoretical Probability?

4. Use the spinner below. You'll spin it once.

Find each probability as a fraction.

a) $P(\text{Blue or Green}) = \frac{6}{10}$

b) $P(\text{not Red}) = \frac{6}{10}$

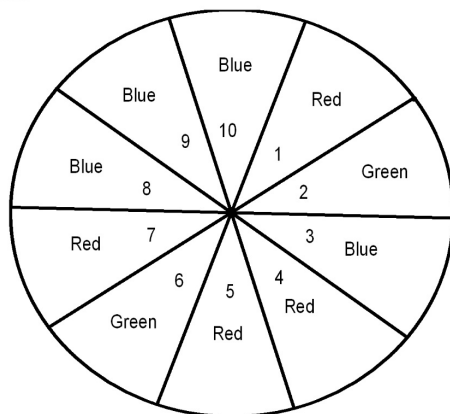
c) $P(\text{Multiple of 4}) = \frac{2}{10}$

d) $P(\text{factor of 16}) = \frac{4}{10}$

e) $P(\text{Red or Odd}) = \frac{6}{10}$

f) $P(\text{Blue and Odd}) = \frac{2}{10}$

g) $P(\text{prime or even}) = \frac{8}{10}$



Hwk #24 Sec 1-6

Pages 43-44

Problems 10-14, 28-33

* a number cube is a die:

