

Algebra 2 Review Chapter 13, Sec 14-1 Spring 2014

Round decimal answers to the nearest hundredth unless otherwise noted.

1. Find both a positive and a negative coterminal angle for the given angle. Give your answer in the same form as the original angle.

- a) 530° b) 75° c) -880° d) $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ e) $-\frac{19\pi}{8}$

2. Find the measure of an angle between 0° and 360° (0 to 2π) that is coterminal with each given angle. Give your answer in the same form as the original angle.

- a) 745° b) -395° c) $\frac{23\pi}{7}$ d) $-\frac{11\pi}{5}$

3. Convert each radian measure into degrees. Round to the nearest hundredth when needed.

- a) $\frac{7\pi}{12}$ b) $\frac{13\pi}{4}$ c) $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ d) $\frac{7\pi}{3}$ e) 8π

4. Convert each degree measure into radians. Leave answer in terms of π and as a fraction in reduced form.

- a) 600° b) -225° c) 72° d) 990°

5. Use the unit circle to find the exact values of each.

- a) $\sin 630^\circ$ b) $\cos 510^\circ$ c) $\tan \frac{2\pi}{3}$ d) $\cos \frac{10\pi}{3}$ e) $\sin -30^\circ$ f) $\tan 9\pi$

- g) $\tan 270^\circ$ h) $\tan \frac{5\pi}{4}$ i) $\sin \frac{13\pi}{4}$ j) $\cos(-\frac{7\pi}{6})$ k) $\tan \frac{\pi}{6}$

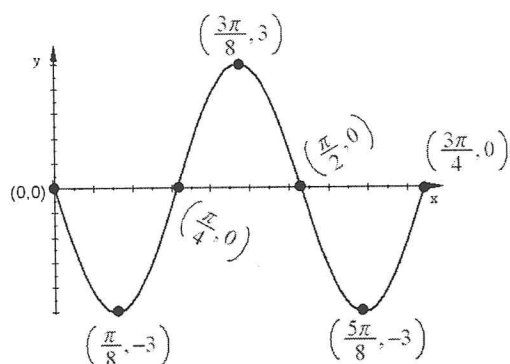
6. State the amplitude and period of each function. Give the period in radians.

- a) $y = 5 \sin(8x)$ b) $y = -7 \cos(\frac{x}{5})$

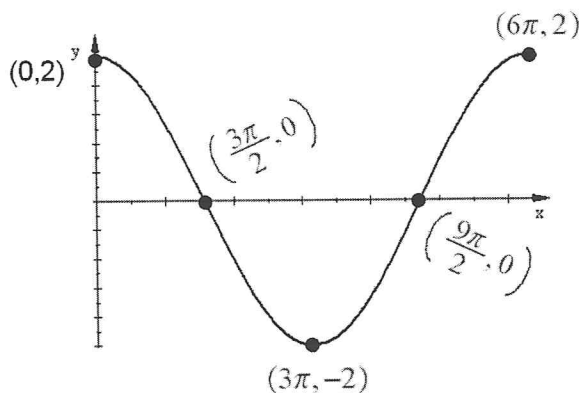
7. State the Phase Shift and the equation of the midline for each function.

- a) $y = 6 \sin(4(x - \frac{\pi}{4})) + 7$ b) $y = -3 \cos(\frac{1}{4}(x + \pi)) - 2$

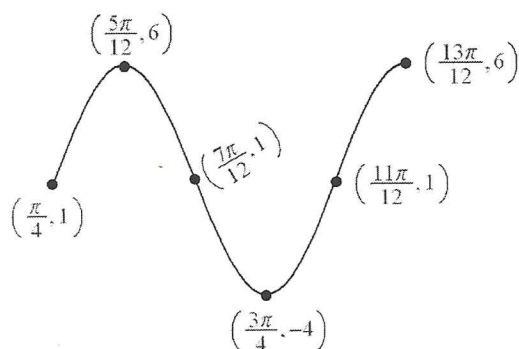
8. Write a Sin equation for this graph



9. Write a Cos equation for this graph.



10. Write both a sine and cosine equation for this function.



11. Graph one period of each. Label the coordinates of all maximums, minimums, and x-intercepts.

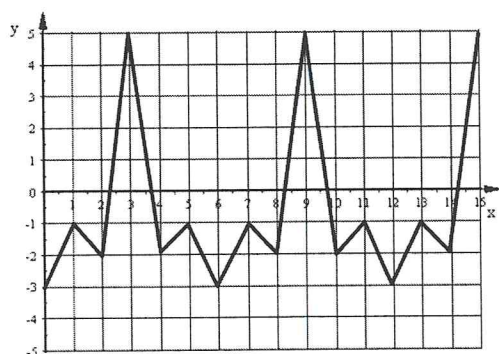
a) $y = 3\sin(7x)$

b) $y = -4\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

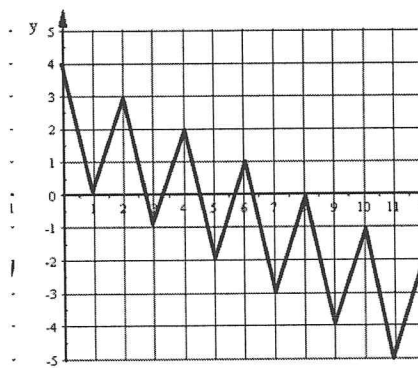
c) $y = -7\sin\left(5\left(x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right) - 2$

12. State if each function is periodic. If yes, state the amplitude, period, and the equation of the midline.

a)



b)

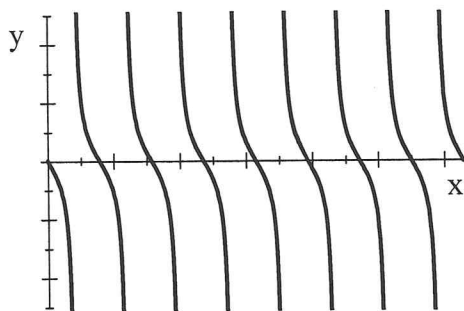


13. For each Tangent function find the period, give 4 Zeros, and give 4 Vertical Asymptotes.

a) $y = \tan(5x)$

b) $y = \tan\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$

14. Write the equation for this Tangent Graph. The window is from 0 to 2π .



15. Given $\cot\theta = \frac{15}{8}$ find the other five trig ratios of θ .

16. Find the exact value of each. a) $\csc\frac{4\pi}{3}$ b) $\cot 210^\circ$ c) $\sec\frac{5\pi}{4}$

17. Find each to the nearest hundredth. a) $\cot 78^\circ$ b) $\sec\frac{3\pi}{7}$ c) $\csc(-75^\circ)$

18. Graph one period of each. State the coordinates of all Maximums and Minimums in the period and give the equations of the Vertical Asymptotes in the period.

a) $y = 5\sec x$

b) $y = -7\csc 3x$

19. Simplify each trigonometric expression to a single trig function or a single number.

- a) $\sin\theta\sec\theta$ b) $\frac{\sec\theta}{\csc\theta}$ c) $\cos^2\theta(1 + \tan^2)$ d) $(\tan\theta)(\cos\theta)(\csc\theta)$
- e) $(\tan\theta + \cot\theta)(\sin\theta)(\cos\theta)$ f) $\frac{\cos\theta\sec\theta}{\tan\theta}$ g) $(\sin^2\theta)(\cot\theta)(\csc\theta)$

Algebra 2 Review Chapter 13 ANSWERS Spring 2013

1. Different answers are possible. Examples are given.

a) Pos : 170° Neg : -190° b) Pos : 435° Neg : -285°

c) Pos : 200° Neg : -160° d) Pos : $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ Neg : $\frac{11\pi}{3}$

e) Pos: $\frac{13\pi}{8}$ Neg: $\frac{-3\pi}{8}, \frac{-35\pi}{8}$

2. a) 25° b) 325° c) $\frac{9\pi}{7}$ d) $\frac{9\pi}{5}$

3. a) 105° b) 585° c) 150° d) 420° e) 1440°

4. a) $\frac{10\pi}{3}$ b) $\frac{-5\pi}{4}$ c) $\frac{2\pi}{5}$ d) $\frac{11\pi}{2}$

5. a) -1 b) $\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$ c) $-\sqrt{3}$ d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e) $-\frac{1}{2}$ f) 0

g) undefined h) 1 i) $\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}$ j) $\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$ k) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

6. a) Amplitude = 5 Period = $\frac{\pi}{4}$ b) Amplitude = 7 Period = 10π

7. a) Phase Shift: $\frac{\pi}{4}$ right Axis: $y = 7$ b) Phase Shift: π left Axis: $y = -2$

8. $y = -3\sin 4x$ 9. $y = 2\cos(\frac{x}{3})$

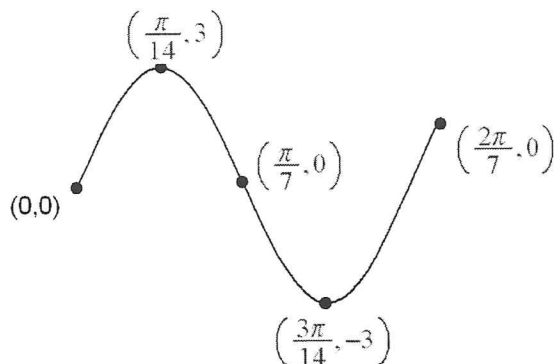
10. Different answers are possible. Below are answers using the given starting point.

Starting Point $(\frac{\pi}{4}, 1)$ $y = 5\sin(3(x - \frac{\pi}{4})) + 1$

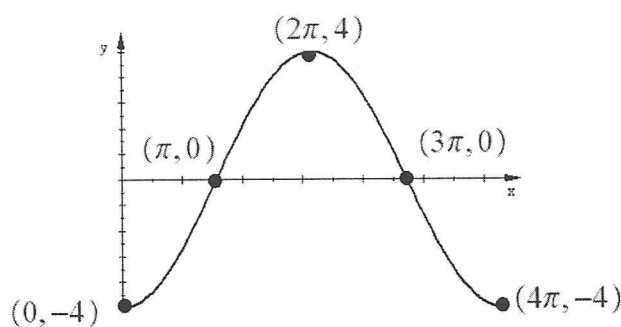
Starting Point $(\frac{5\pi}{12}, 6)$ $y = 3\cos(3(x - \frac{5\pi}{12})) + 1$

11.

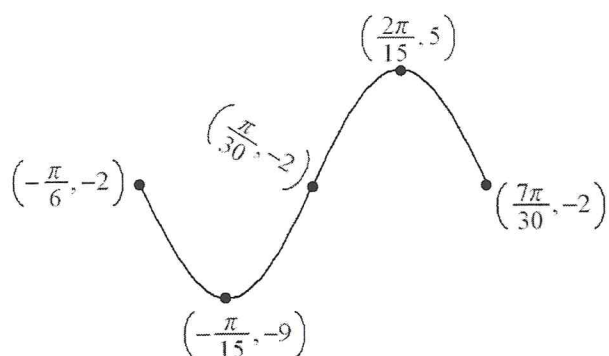
a)



b)



c)



12. a) Yes, it's periodic. Amp = 4, Period = 6, Midline: $y=1$ b) Not periodic

13. a) Zeros: $0, \pm\frac{\pi}{5}, \pm\frac{2\pi}{5}, \pm\frac{3\pi}{5}$ VA: $\pm\frac{\pi}{10}, \pm\frac{3\pi}{10}, \pm\frac{\pi}{2}, \pm\frac{7\pi}{10}$

b) Zeros: $0, \pm 3\pi, \pm 6\pi, \pm 9\pi$ VA: $\pm\frac{3\pi}{2}, \pm\frac{9\pi}{2}, \pm\frac{15\pi}{2}, \pm\frac{21\pi}{2}$

14. $y = -\tan(4x)$

15. $\tan\theta = \frac{8}{15}$, $\sin\theta = \frac{8}{17}$, $\cos\theta = \frac{15}{17}$, $\sec\theta = \frac{17}{15}$, $\csc\theta = \frac{17}{8}$

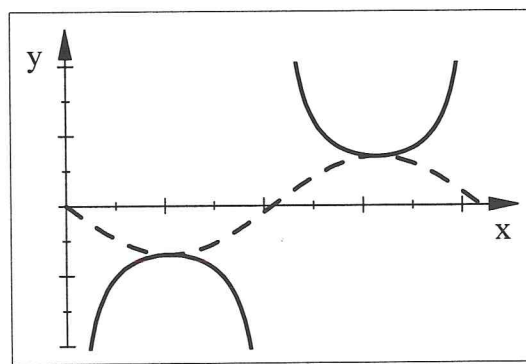
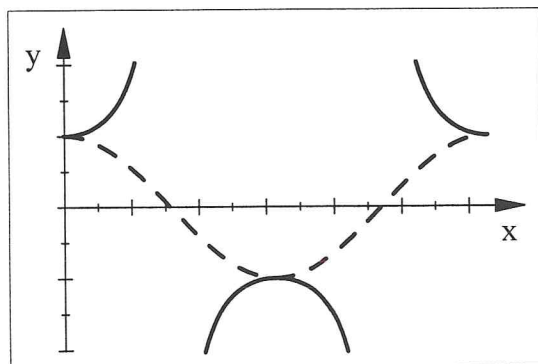
16. a) $\frac{-2\sqrt{3}}{3}$ b) $\sqrt{3}$ c) $-\sqrt{2}$ 17. a) 0.21 b) 4.49 c) -1.04

18. a) Max $(\pi, -5)$ Min $(0, 5), (2\pi, 5)$

b) Max $(\frac{\pi}{6}, -7)$ Min $(\frac{\pi}{2}, 7)$

VA: $x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$

VA: $x = 0, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}$



19. a) $\tan\theta$

b) $\tan\theta$

c) 1

d) 1

e) 1

f) $\cot\theta$

g) $\cos\theta$