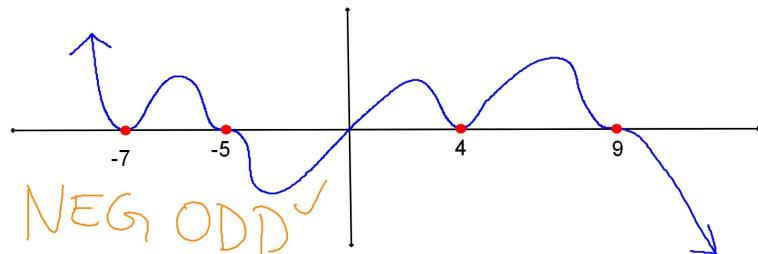


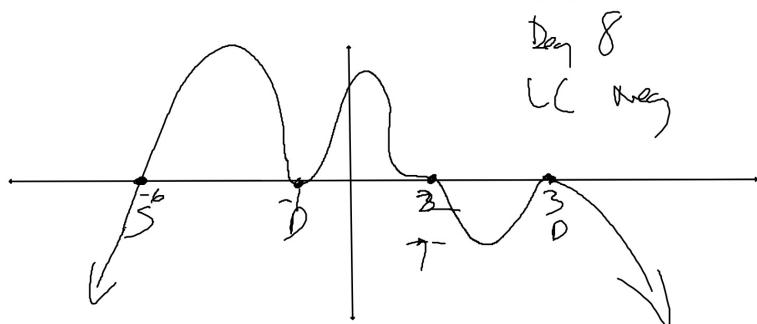
1. Write a possible equation for this graph.

$$y = -x(x+7)^2(x+5)^3(x-4)^2(x-9)^3$$



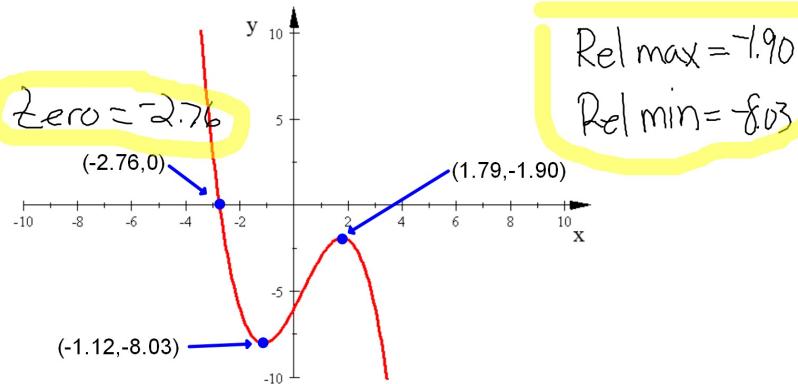
2. Sketch the graph of this polynomial.

$$y = (x-3)^2(2-x)^3(x+6)(x+1)^2$$



3. Find all Absolute Max and Min (if any), Relative Max and Min (if any), and real zeros of this polynomial.

$$y = -0.5x^3 + 0.5x^2 + 3x - 6$$



4. Is each of the below a polynomial?

a. $y = -\frac{2}{3}x^2 - 1.73x + 4$

Yes

b. $y = \left(\frac{5}{x^4}\right) + 4x^3 + 10x^2$

$5x^{-4}$

No

c. $y = 12x^2 - 6\sqrt{x} + 8$

No

$\times^{\frac{1}{2}}$

5. 5 is a solution to this equation. Find the other three solutions.

$$\frac{3x^4 - 17x^3 + 22x^2 - 68x + 40}{x-5} = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ | \quad 3 \quad -17 \quad 22 \quad -68 \quad 40 \\ \quad 15 \quad -10 \quad 60 \quad -40 \\ \hline \quad 3 \quad -2 \quad 12 \quad -8 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$3x^3 - 2x^2 + 12x - 8$

$$\begin{aligned} & (x^2+4)(3x-2) \\ & x^2+4=0 \\ & x^2=-4 \\ & x=\pm 2i \\ & 3x-2=0 \\ & x=\frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$3x^3$	$12x$
$-2x^2$	-8

6. **Sum and Difference of Cubes**

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

Quadratic Formula

$$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Find ALL solutions to this polynomial equation.

$$125w^3 + 8 = 0$$

$$5w + 2 = (5w+2)(25w^2 - 10w + 4)$$

$$5w + 2 = 0$$

$$-2 -2$$

$$10 \pm \sqrt{100 - 4 \cdot 100}$$

$$50$$

$$100 \cdot 3$$

$$10 \cdot 10$$

$$10 \pm 10 \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$50$$

$$10 \pm 10 \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$50$$