

A carpenter is going to build and sell some tables. It costs him \$12,000 to buy the equipment needed and \$85 in materials and time to make each table.

If the carpenter sells each table for \$275 find the number of tables he need to make and sell in order to break-even.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \text{Income:} & & \text{Expenses:} \\ 275T & = & 12,000 + 85T \\ -85T & & -85T \\ \hline 190T & = & 12,000 \\ 190 & \cancel{190} & \\ T = 63.158 & & 64 \text{ Tables} \end{array}$$

T = # of tables made and sold.

Find the number of tables needed in order to make a \$5000 profit.

Profit = Income - Expenses

$$\begin{aligned} 5000 &= 275T - (12,000 + 85T) \\ 5000 &= 275T - 12,000 - 85T \\ 5000 &= 190T - 12,000 \\ 12,000 &+ 12,000 \\ 17,000 &= 190T \\ 190 &\cancel{190} \\ T &= 89.47 \rightarrow 90 \text{ Tables} \end{aligned}$$

Suppose it takes you 6.4 hours to fly 2800 miles into a headwind from Miami to Seattle. The return trip takes only 5.6 hours because you are flying with a tailwind. Write and solve a system of equations to find the speed of the wind and the airspeed of the plane.

$d = rt$

$p = \text{speed of the plane}$
 $w = \text{speed of the wind}$

EQ for MIA to SEA: $\frac{2800}{6.4} = (p-w) \frac{6.4}{6.4}$

EQ for SEA to MIA: $\frac{2800}{5.6} = (p+w) \frac{5.6}{5.6}$

$$\begin{aligned} 437.5 &= p-w \\ + 500 &= p+w \\ \hline 937.5 &= 2p \\ 468.75 &= p \end{aligned}$$

Plane speed = 468.75 mph
Wind speed = 31.25 mph

$$\begin{aligned} 500 &= p+w \\ 500 &= 468.75 + w \\ 31.25 &= w \end{aligned}$$

On your small boat it takes 3 hours to travel downstream 45 miles to the next city. It takes you 5 hours to return upstream. Write and solve a system of equations to find the speed of your boat and the speed of the current.

$d = rt$

$b = \text{speed of the boat}$
 $c = \text{speed of the current}$

Downstream EQ: $45 \text{ mi} = (b+c) 3 \text{ hrs}$

Upstream EQ: $45 \text{ mi} = (b-c) 5 \text{ hrs}$

$$\begin{aligned} 15 &= b+c \\ + 9 &= b-c \\ \hline 24 &= 2b \\ 12 &= b \end{aligned}$$

Speed of the boat = 12 mph
Current speed = 3 mph

$$\begin{aligned} 15 &= b+c \\ 15 &= 12+c \\ 3 &= c \end{aligned}$$

On a canoe trip I paddled upstream (against the current) for 6 hours and traveled 15 miles. Later I paddled downstream (with the current) for 4 hours and traveled 34 miles. Write and solve a system of equations to find the speed of the current and the speed that I can paddle in still water.

$d = rt$

$b = \text{speed of the boat}$
 $c = \text{speed of the current}$

Downstream EQ: $\frac{34}{4} = \frac{(b+c) 4}{4}$

Upstream EQ: $\frac{15}{6} = \frac{(b-c) 6}{6}$

$$\begin{aligned} 8.5 &= b+c \\ + 2.5 &= b-c \\ \hline 11 &= 2b \\ 5.5 &= b \end{aligned}$$

Speed of the boat = 5.5 mph
Current speed = 3 mph

$$\begin{aligned} 8.5 &= b+c \\ 8.5 &= 5.5+c \\ 3 &= c \end{aligned}$$

It takes you 3 hours in your canoe to travel 12.6 miles downstream. The return trip upstream takes you 7 hours. Write and solve a system of equations to find the speed of the canoe and the speed of the current.

$$d = rt$$

Downstream EQ:

$$\frac{12.6}{3} = (b+c)3$$

b = speed of the boat

c = speed of the current

Upstream EQ:

$$\frac{12.6}{7} = (b-c)7$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4.2 &= b+c \\ + 1.8 &= b-c \end{aligned}$$

$$6.0 = 2b$$

$$3 = b$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4.2 &= 3+c \\ -3 &-3 \\ 1.2 &= c \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{speed of canoe} = 3 \text{ mph}$$

$$\text{speed of current} = 1.2 \text{ mph}$$

You mix together two acid solutions to get a final solution that is 9% acid by volume. If there ends up being 15 liters of this new solution how many liters of pure acid do you have?

$$\begin{aligned} &9\% \text{ of } 15 \text{ liters} \\ &\downarrow \\ &(.09)(15) = 1.35 \text{ liters} \end{aligned}$$

There is a flask with an unknown amount of solution. This solution is 6% acid by volume.

Write an expression that gives the amount of pure acid in the flask. x = Amount of solution

$$0.06x$$

You mix an unknown # of liters of a 9% acid solution with an unknown # of liters of a 15% acid solution. You end up with a total of 20 liters of solution.

x = # liters of 9% solution

y = # liters of 15% solution

Write an equation which represents the above information.

$$x + y = 20 \text{ solution}$$

You want to create 8 gallons of an acid solution that is 12% acid by volume. All you have on the shelf are solutions that are 15% acid and 10% acid by volume.

How many gallons of each should you mix together?

X = gallons of 15% solution **Y** = gallons of 10% solution

I used elimination by multiplying the top equation by 0.10 and subtracting to solve for x.

Gallons of Solution

$$.10 (X + Y = 8)$$

Gallons of pure acid

$$.15X + .10Y = .12(8)$$

$$.15X + .10Y = .96$$

$$\begin{array}{r} .10X + .10Y = .80 \\ - .15X + .10Y = .96 \\ \hline -.05X = -.16 \\ \underline{-.05} \quad \underline{-.05} \\ X = 3.2 \end{array}$$

3.2 gal of 15% solution
4.8 gal of 10% solution

$$\begin{array}{l} X + Y = 8 \\ 3.2 + Y = 8 \\ Y = 4.8 \end{array}$$