

The graph of an equation containing $|x|$ or $|x|$

always turns out to be a **V-SHAPE**

These are called Absolute Value Equations

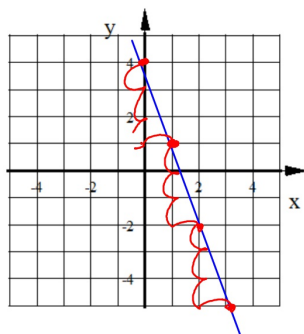
The graph of an equation containing x^2 or $(x)^2$

always turns out to be a **PARABOLA**

These are called Quadratic Equations

Graph this equation:

$$y = -3x + 4$$



The graph of an equation looking like $y = mx + b$

always turns out to be a **LINE**

These are called Linear Equations

slope y-intercept

Functions in Algebra 1:

Linear Functions:

EQ: $y = mx + b$

Graph: Line

Absolute Value Functions:

EQ: $y = a|x - h| + k$

Graph: V-Shape

Quadratic Functions:

EQ: $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

or

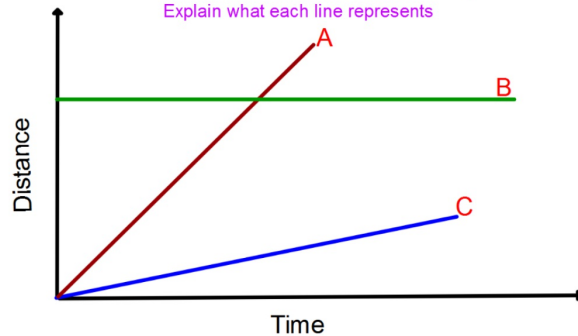
$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$

Graph: Parabola

Section 5-1: Relating Graphs to Events

The graph below shows the distance a person travels as a function of the amount of time they've been traveling.

Explain what each line represents



Section A

moving fast

Section B

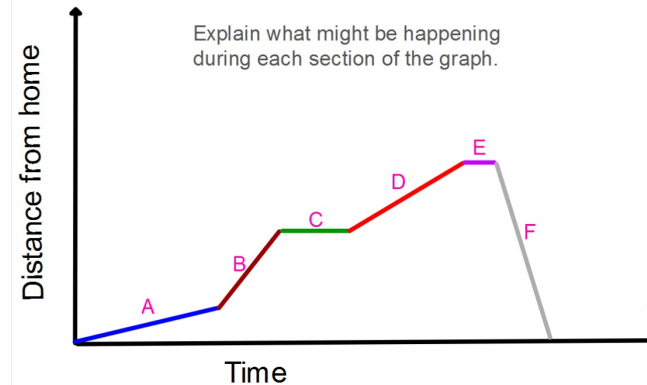
NOT moving

Section C

moving slower

Iman left home to go for a walk. The graph below shows her distance from home as a function of time.

Explain what might be happening during each section of the graph.



Section A

Slowly running away from home.

Section B

Section C

NO Movement

Section D

Jogging Away From Home

Section E

Stopped

Section F

Fast sprinting back home