

Solve this inequality.

$$7b + 3 - 5b + 10 > 11 + 2(b + 4)$$

$$2b + 13 > 11 + 2b + 8$$

$$2b + 13 > 19 + 2b$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2b \\ -2b \end{array}$$

$$13 > 19$$

This statement is not true so the inequality will never be true.

NO SOLUTION

Expenses The sophomore class is planning a picnic. The cost of a permit to use a city park is \$250. To pay for the permit, there is a fee of \$.75 for each sophomore and \$1.25 for each guest who is not a sophomore. Two hundred sophomores plan to attend. Write and solve an inequality to find how many guests must attend for the sophomores to pay for the permit.

$$(.75)(200) + 1.25G \geq 250 \quad G = \# \text{ guests}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 150 \\ -150 \end{array} + 1.25G \geq 250$$

$$1.25G \geq 100$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.25 \\ \overline{1.25} \end{array} \geq \frac{100}{1.25}$$

$$G \geq 80$$

They need at least 80 guests

Health Care Systolic blood pressure is the higher number in a blood pressure reading. It is measured as your heart muscle contracts. The formula $P \leq \frac{1}{2}a + 110$ gives the normal systolic blood pressure P based on age a .

- At age 20, does 120 represent a maximum or a minimum normal systolic pressure?
- Find the normal systolic blood pressure for a 50-year-old person.

a. Since the inequality is written as P is less than or equal to the pressure given by the formula that quantity must be the most or a Maximum.

b. Replace a with 50: $\frac{1}{2}(50) + 110 = 25 + 110 = 135$

Normal pressure for a 50-year-old should be no more than 135.