

Solve.

$$15 \left(\frac{2}{5}c - 2 \right) = \left(\frac{7}{3} \right) 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6c - 30 = 35 \\ +30 \quad +30 \\ \hline 6c = 65 \\ \frac{6c}{6} = \frac{65}{6} \\ c = \frac{65}{6} \end{array}$$

Multiply both sides of the equation by the LCM of 5 and 3 which is 15. Then finish solving for x.

or

Get all terms to have the same denominator then cancel the denominators and finish solving for x.

$$\frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{5}c - \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{15}{15} = \frac{7}{3} \cdot \frac{15}{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{6}{15}c - \frac{30}{15} = \frac{35}{5} \\ \frac{6c}{15} - \frac{30}{15} = \frac{35}{5} \\ 6c - 30 = 35 \\ +30 \quad +30 \\ \hline 6c = 65 \\ \frac{6c}{6} = \frac{65}{6} \end{array}$$

$$c = \frac{65}{6}$$

Solving problems involving "many" fractions.

1. Solve. $11 \left(\frac{3}{11}x + \frac{5}{11} \right) = \left(\frac{18}{11} \right) 11$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 5 = 18 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline 3x = 13 \\ \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{13}{3} \\ x = \frac{13}{3} \end{array}$$

Multiply both sides of the equation by 11 and finish solving for x.

2. Solve.

$$15 \left(\frac{8}{5} + \frac{7}{15}x \right) = \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 + 7x = 10 \\ -24 \quad -24 \\ \hline 7x = -14 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7x = -14 \\ \frac{7x}{7} = \frac{-14}{7} \\ x = -2 \end{array}$$

The LCM of 5, 15 and 3 is 15. Multiply both sides of the equation by 15 and finish solving for x.

Solve.

$$21 \left(\frac{5}{3} + \frac{6}{7}x \right) = (2) 21$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 + 18x = 42 \\ -35 \quad -35 \\ \hline 18x = 7 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{7}{18}$$

The LCM of 3 and 7 is 21. Multiply both sides of the equation by 21 and finish solving for x.

Solve.

$$48 \left(\frac{11}{12}w - \frac{21}{16} \right) = \left(\frac{7}{8} \right) 48$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 44w - 63 = 42 \\ +63 \quad +63 \\ \hline 44w = 105 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{44w}{44} = \frac{105}{44}$$

The LCM of 8, 12, and 16 is 48. Multiply both sides of the equation by 48 and finish solving for x.

You can now finish Hwk #10

Sec 2-3

due tomorrow

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Problems 21-27

Find the exact solution to this equation.

$$\frac{12}{12} \cdot \left(\frac{8}{5} \right) + \frac{5}{5} \left(\frac{19}{12} \right) x = \left(\frac{7}{4} \right) \cdot \frac{15}{15}$$

$$\frac{96}{60} + \frac{95}{60}x = \frac{105}{60}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 96 + 95x = 105 \\ -96 \quad -96 \\ \hline 95x = 9 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{9}{95}$$

Solve.

$$44 \left(\frac{5}{4} \right) = \left(\frac{B}{11} \right) 44$$

$$\frac{55}{4} = \frac{4B}{4}$$

$$B = \frac{55}{4}$$

Or Cross Multiply

$$B = 5 \cdot 11 \div 4$$

$$B = \frac{55}{4}$$

You were given \$100 for your birthday and plan to save \$10 a week.

$$100 + 10w \quad w = \# \text{ weeks}$$

Your brother sold his bike for \$350 and planed to save \$5 a week.

$$350 + 5w$$

In how many weeks will the two of you have the same amount of money?

$$\begin{aligned} 100 + 10w &= 350 + 5w \\ -5w &\quad -5w \\ \hline 100 + 5w &= 350 \\ -100 &\quad -100 \\ \hline 5w &= 250 \\ \frac{5w}{5} &= \frac{250}{5} \\ w &= 50 \text{ Wks} \end{aligned}$$

Equations with variables on Both Sides of the equal sign:

- Simplify each side first. Use Distributive Property if necessary.
- Move all the variables to one side of the equation.
- Solve.

Solve.

$$4x - 3 = 7x + 14 - 5x + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x - 3 &= 2x + 15 \\ -2x &\quad -2x \\ \hline \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 3 &= 15 \\ +3 &\quad +3 \\ \hline 2x &= 18 \\ \div 2 &\quad \div 2 \\ \hline x &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

Solve.

$$2x = 12 + 4x$$

$$\underline{-4x}$$

$$-2x = 12$$

$$\underline{-2} \quad | \div -2$$

$$x = -6$$

OR

$$2x = 12 + 4x$$

$$\underline{-2x}$$

$$\underline{-2x}$$

$$0 = 12 + 2x$$

$$\underline{-12}$$

$$\underline{-12}$$

$$\underline{-12} = \underline{2x}$$

$$\underline{-6} = x$$