

## Solving Quadratic Equations:

1. Solve using Square Roots
2. Solve by factoring
3. Solve using the Quadratic Formula

Solving quadratic equations:  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

### Factoring

Works some of the time.

### Square Roots

Works some of the time.

(when  $b = 0$ )

### Quadratic Formula

Works ALL of the time.

Solve each Quadratic Equation using the following methods: Square Roots, Factoring, and the Quadratic Formula.

You must use each method at least once. Round to the nearest tenth when necessary.

1.  $2x^2 - 5x - 12 = 0$

try factoring because the numbers are small.

$$(x - 4)(2x + 3) = 0$$

$$x = 4, -\frac{3}{2}$$

2.  $8 - 2x^2 + 3 = 5$

Use Square Roots because  $b=0$

$$\frac{-2x^2}{-2} = \frac{-6}{-2}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\pm 1.73$$

3.  $14x^2 + 6x - 71 = 0$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 4012$$

$$x = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{4012}}{28}$$

$$x = 2.0, -2.5$$

Use Quadratic Formula  
because the numbers  
are large and it doesn't  
look like it will factor  
easily or at all.

4.  $x^2 - 39x - 4176 = 0$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 18,225$$

$$x = \frac{39 \pm \sqrt{18225}}{2}$$

$$x = 87, -48$$

Use Quadratic Formula  
because the numbers  
are large and it doesn't  
look like it will factor  
easily or at all.