

The legs of a right triangle are:

- the sides that form the right angle.

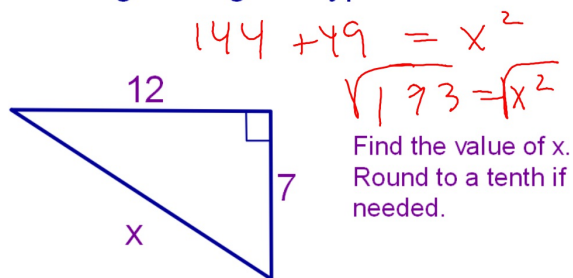
The hypotenuse of a right triangle is:

- the longest side
- the side opposite the right angle

### Pythagorean Theorem

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$\text{Leg}^2 + \text{Leg}^2 = \text{Hypotenuse}^2$$



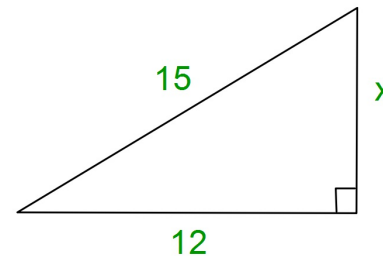
$$144 + 49 = x^2$$

$$\sqrt{193} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

Find the value of x.  
Round to a tenth if needed.

$$x = 13.9$$

1. Find the exact value of x.



$$\cancel{12^2} + x = 15^2 - 12^2$$

$$225 - 144$$

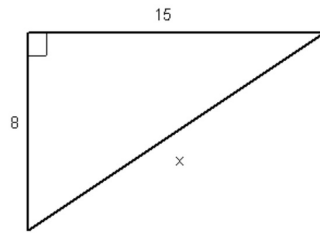
$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{81}$$

$$x = 9$$

Find the exact value of  $x$ .

$$\begin{aligned} 15^2 + 8^2 &= x^2 \\ 225 + 64 &= \sqrt{289} \\ x &= 17 \end{aligned}$$

2.  $x =$



Find the exact value of  $x$ .<sup>3.</sup>  $x =$

$$\begin{aligned} 196 &= 144 + x^2 \\ -144 &-144 \\ \hline 52 &= x^2 \\ \sqrt{52} &= \sqrt{x^2} \\ \sqrt{4 \cdot 13} & \\ 2\sqrt{13} &= x \end{aligned}$$

