

Solve each equation. Round irrational answers to the nearest hundredth.

1.  $\frac{5}{6}x^2 - 19 = 21$

2.  $6 - 3m^2 + 1 = -41$

3.  $2(x+3)^2 - 10 = 40$

Solve each equation. Simplify irrational answers.

4.  $36x^2 + 11 = 36$

5.  $-4 + 5Q^2 = 56$

6.  $8 - 2c^2 = 76$

7.  $(x-4)^2 + 3 = 34$

Solve each equation. Round irrational answers to the nearest hundredth.

Answers

1.  $\frac{5}{6}x^2 - 19 = 21$

$x = \pm 6.93$

2.  $6 - 3m^2 + 1 = -41$

$7 - 3m^2 = -41$   
 $-7$   
 $-3m^2 = -48$   
 $\frac{-3}{-3}$   
 $m^2 = 16$

$m = \pm 4$

$\frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{6} x^2 = 40 \cdot \frac{6}{5}$   
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{48}$

3.  $2(x+3)^2 - 10 = 40$

$\frac{2(x+3)^2}{2} = \frac{50}{2}$   
 $\sqrt{(x+3)^2} = \sqrt{25}$

$x+3 = \pm 5$

$x = \begin{cases} +5-3 = 2 \\ -5-3 = -8 \end{cases}$

$x = -8, 2$

Solve each equation. Simplify irrational answers.

4.  $36x^2 + 11 = 36$

$\frac{36x^2}{36} = \frac{25}{36}$   
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{36}}$   
 $x = \pm \frac{5}{6}$

5.  $-4 + 5Q^2 = 56$

$\frac{5Q^2}{5} = \frac{60}{5}$

$\sqrt{Q^2} = \sqrt{12}$

$Q = \pm \sqrt{12}$   
 $Q = \pm 2\sqrt{3}$

6.  $8 - 2c^2 = 76$

$-8$   
 $-2c^2 = 68$   
 $\frac{-2}{-2}$   
 $c^2 = -34$   
 $\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{-34}$   
 NO Real Sol

7.  $(x-4)^2 + 3 = 34$

$\sqrt{(x-4)^2} = \sqrt{31}$

$x-4 = \pm \sqrt{31}$

$x = 4 \pm \sqrt{31}$