APUSH Review Questions: Dark Green

8. Why could many colonists rightly claim that the conflict was primarily a Boston issue?

Most of the trade went Through Boston, so it was an economic hub. Also it had some of the most powerful people in the colonies living there so it had a lot of influence in the colonies.

18. What were seven precedents established by Washington during his presidency?

He wanted a 2 term presidency, a cabinet advising group, neutrality in foreign affairs, ability to veto, oath of office at inaugurations, using troops to enforce laws, and title of Mr. President.

30. How did Jefferson’s interpretation of the role of Vice-President differ significantly from that of Adams’s and that used today?

Jefferson was in a different party and he had to use his charm because of his weak party. Also he had to not talk about his own political ideologies.

42. What is the relation between Manifest Destiny and Oregon, Texas and California?

Manifest Destiny had the belief that U.S should control a country from the Atlantic to the Pacific. So many thought that it was rightfully so for America to Take control of Texas, California and Oregon from natives and foreign peoples.

54. What were the different proposed methods of Reconstruction?

Lincoln’s 10% plan reintegrated southern states if 10% of the population of a state pledged allegiance in the 1860 election. Radical Reconstruction of the Wade-Davis Bill which required 50% of the population to pledge allegiance. Johnson’s Plan which was similar to Lincoln’s.

66. What attempts were made during the Gilded Age to regulate industry and politics?

Interstate Commerce Act outlawed railroad rebates and kickbacks also established Interstate Commerce Commission to make sure the laws were obeyed. Sherman Anti-trust act tried to ban monopolies.

78. What anti-imperialistic complaints were lodged against the building of the Panama Canal?

It would cause bad relations with Latin American countries. The idea that America would try to take control of panama and the people there would revolt.

90. In the conflict of fundamentalism vs. modernism, what organizations and events proved that America was not ready for changes in immigration, race relations, and social change?

The Red Scare gave people a fear of communism, Scopes trial had people arguing for and against evolution, Emergency Quota Act set up quotas for people who could enter America, and National Origin Act stopped people of Japan from coming in and slowed European immigration.

102. What choices were made during Roosevelt’s administration to keep America out of war?

Roosevelt enacted Neutrality Acts and created cash and carry and lend lease policy to aid allies.

114. During the 1950s in what ways was America taking steps forward toward racial integration?

Brown v Board of Edu. Court Case overturned Plessy v Ferguson Separate but Equal Policy.

126. What strategy was employed by Nixon to end American involvement in Vietnam?

Withdrawing troops from Vietnam and allowing the South Vietnamese to continue the fight. Finally and armistice was reached between the countries in 1973.

8. Why could many colonists rightly claim that the conflict was primarily a Boston issue?

-Boston was the main port in all that happened between Britain and the colonies. Most business transactions happened there and many of the conflicts leading to the revolutionary war occurred there such as the Boston Tea Party and the Boston Massacre. Also, Boston was very powerful and therefore was thought to have had the means necessary to resolve the conflicts.

18. What were seven precedents established by Washington during his presidency?

1) The two term limit to the presidency

2) Neutrality in Foreign Affairs

3) The title Mr. President

4) A cabinet advising group

5) Oath to office on Inaugurations

6) The Veto

7) Using troops to enforce law

30. How did Jefferson’s interpretation of the role of Vice-President differ significantly from that of Adams’s and that used today?

-He had to rely on his charm because his party was weak. He also had to reverse many of his political principles.

42. What is the relation between Manifest Destiny and Oregon, Texas and California?

-In the 1840s through 1850s, people believed in Manifest Destiny, belief that God gave people the right to expand to as much land as they could. The spirit of expansionism eventually led to the acquisition of Texas, Oregon, and California.

54. What were the different proposed methods of reconstruction?

-Lincoln's 10 Percent Plan- 10% of a state's voters had to take an oath of loyalty; leniant on the south.

-Wade-Davis Bill- 50%

-Johnson's plan-called for special state conventions to repeal the ordinances of secession, abolish slavery, repudiate all debts incurred to aid the Confederacy, and ratify the Thirteenth Amendment.

-Military reconstrution: split into 5 military districts

66. What attempts were made during the Gilded Age to regulate industry and politics?

-Congress passed the Interstate Commerce Act, which outlawed railroad rebates and kickbacks. They also established the Interstate commerce commission to ensure that railroad companies obeyed the new laws. It had little effect so congress passed the Sherman anti-trust act in 1890 to attempt to ban trusts, but it was also ineffective and replaced. The spoils system was used by both parties. Congress also outlawed the political machines and parties struggled to become United again.

78. What anti-imperialistic complaints were lodged against the building of the Panama Canal?

-It would lead to America taking control of Panama and lead to issues like Cuba. It would cause bad relations with Latin American countries.

90. In the conflict of fundamentalism vs. modernism, what organizations and events proved that America was not ready for changes in immigration, race relations, and social change?

-Scopes Monkey Trial: fundamentalists came away with a legal win in the case, the modernists were able to gain momentum due to Darrow's defense of scopes. Jennings Bryan tried to build much of his case on biblical truths, but Darrow called Bryan to testify. He questioned him on the bible and his knowledge only went so deep, and somewhat diminished Bryan's credibility. Red scare: fear of communism emergency quota act: set up quotes for the number of people from each country that could enter the U.S. National Origin Act: further cut immigration from eastern and Southern Europe and cut immigration from Japan. Sacco and Vanzetti: accused of killing a guard, not enough evidence, eventually executed.

102. What choices were made during Roosevelt's administration to keep America out of war?

-He issued the Neutrality Acts. He then began assisting the allies and providing them with weapons to fight Germany while still keeping the U.S. Out of the war. He asked Congress to amend the Neutrality Acts to allow the sale of arms to the allies. He believed that by aiding GB and the allies, actual participation in the war would be unnecessary.

114. During the 1950s in what ways was America taking steps forward toward racial integration?

-Brown v. Board of Education: Supreme Court cases that overturn Plessy v. Ferguson. Separate was unequal. The Montgomery bus boycott took place in 1955. This is when Rosa Parks refused to move from the front of the bus. The boycott lasted for about a year. The first test for integrating schools was in Little Rock, Arkansas. The "Little Rock Nine" enrolled in high school, Eisenhower had to send federal troops to escort the kids.

126. What strategy was employed by Nixon to end American involvement in Vietnam?

-The Paris Peace Accord, wanted to withdraw troops from Vietnam. Nixon wanted 'Peace with Honour' in which he would withdraw all U.S forces from Vietnam within 60 days and that the North Vietnamese would hand over all U.S prisoners of war. Went to China to drive a wedge between China and Soviet Union. Closer relations to China, U.S could enlist Chinese to help /keep Vietnamese communsts under control.

8. Boston was a focal point in the American colonies. It was a major port where a lot of business was handled/occurred. Boston made most of the big decisions regarding the colonies. Many big names also came from Boston. People felt that conflicts started in Boston should be resolved in Boston.

18. - 2 term presidency

* Neutrality in Foreign Affairs
* Title of “Mr. President
* A personally appointed cabinet used for advice
* Oath to office with hand placed on Bible.
* Veto
* Using military/troops to enforce law.

30. -    Jefferson and Adams differed because they were members of different parties.

* Jefferson is the only V.P. to have belonged to a different party than the president serving with him.
* Jefferson’s party was weak, so he had to rely on personal charm.
* Jefferson had to reverse many political principles he fought for.
* Jefferson served as the presiding officer over the senate and preferred the quietness of being V.P.
* Adams shared the same political beliefs as the president he served.
* Adams was more of an assistant to the president during his V.P. time.

42. The belief in manifest destiny and westward expansion resulted in the acquiring of Texas, Oregon, and California. This is because American’s believed that God had made it America's destiny to spread their gospel across at least the entire continent on which they resided, and eventually the entire hemisphere.

54. - **10 Percent Plan**

* States would be reintegrated once 10 percent of the population in the 1860 election pledged their allegiance to the Union.
* Proposed by Lincoln.
* **Wade Davis Bill**
* 50 percent of a seceded states population must pledge allegiance to the Union to be reinstated.
* Vetoed by Lincoln.

66. The passing of the Interstate Commerce Act in 1887 outlawed railroad rebates and kickbacks and established the Interstate Commerce Commission to make sure that railroad companies obeyed new laws. Bill was very ineffective. The Sherman Anti-Trust Act was passed in 1890 as an attempt to ban trusts, but this also had very little effect. The spoils system was used widely by both parties, but when congress outlawed political machines, parties struggled to become united again.

78. The building of the panama canal would result in America taking control of Panama, leading to problems similar to those in Cuba. Citizens of Panama were ready to rebel/revolt against the idea. The building of the canal would also result in bad relations with Latin American countries.

90. - Scopes Monkey Trial: Fundamentalists came away with a legal win in the case, the modernists were able to gain momentum due to Darrow's defense of Scopes. Jennings Bryan tried to build much of his case on Biblical truths, as you might expect, but Darrow pulled a fast one on him, and called Bryan to testify. Darrow began questioning Bryan on the Bible, proving that his knowledge only went so deep, and somewhat diminished Bryan's credibility.

* Red Scare: The American people had developed a fear of the spread of Communism.
* Emergency Quota Act (1921): Only allowed a certain number of people from each country immigrate/travel to the United States.
* National Origin Act (1924) Lessened immigration from Europe and completely stopped immigration from Japan.
* Sacco and Vanzetti: After being accused of killing a guard and executed, many claimed the trial was unfair as it was built upon very little evidence.

102. The neutrality acts were passed. Roosevelt still provided assistance to the allies in the form of funds/weapons while remaining out of the war. Lend-Lease provided military aid to Great Britain after German forces overtook France.

114. The Brown vs. Board of Education case overturned Plessy vs. Ferguson, making segregation/separation now unequal. The Montgomery Bus boycott in 1955 lasted a year after Rosa Parks refused to give up her seat to a white passenger. School integration first took place in Little Rock, Arkansas at Central High School. The “Little Rock Nine” enrolled at the high school and were escorted by federal troops.

126.Vietnamization was the withdrawal of troops from Vietnam, thus transferring the burden of the war to the South Vietnamese.